# TP65H050G4WS

# 650V SuperGaN<sup>®</sup> FET in TO-247 (source tab)

# **Preliminary Datasheet**

### Description

transphorm

The TP65H050G4WS 650V, 50 m $\Omega$  gallium nitride (GaN) FET is a normally-off device using Transphorm's Gen IV platform. It combines a state-of-the-art high voltage GaN HEMT with a low voltage silicon MOSFET to offer superior reliability and performance.

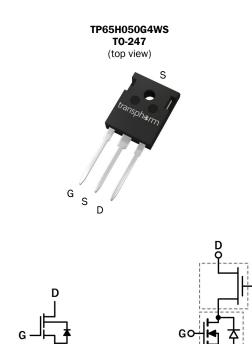
The Gen IV SuperGaN® platform uses advanced epi and patented design technologies to simplify manufacturability while improving efficiency over silicon via lower gate charge, output capacitance, crossover loss, and reverse recovery charge.

#### **Related Literature**

- <u>AN0009</u>: Recommended External Circuitry for GaN FETs
- AN0003: Printed Circuit Board Layout and Probing

### **Ordering Information**

Part Number	Package	Package Configuration
TP65H050G4WS	3 Lead TO-247	Source



**Cascode Schematic Symbol** 

**Cascode Device Structure** 

tp65h050g4ws.0v2

0086-1351775977 HZ021@QQ.COM

#### Features

- JEDEC qualified GaN technology
- Dynamic R<sub>DS(on)eff</sub> production tested
- Robust design, defined by
  - Wide gate safety margin
  - Transient over-voltage capability
- Enhanced inrush current capability
- Very low Q<sub>RR</sub>
- Reduced crossover loss

#### **Benefits**

- Enables AC-DC bridgeless totem-pole PFC designs
  - Increased power density
  - Reduced system size and weight
  - Overall lower system cost
- · Achieves increased efficiency in both hard- and softswitched circuits
- · Easy to drive with commonly-used gate drivers
- · GSD pin layout improves high speed design

#### **Applications**

- Datacom
- Broad industrial
- PV inverter
- Servo motor

### **Key Specifications**

V <sub>DSS</sub> (V)	650
V <sub>DSS(TR)</sub> (V)	800
$R_{DS(on)eff}(m\Omega)$ max*	60
Q <sub>RR</sub> (nC) typ	120
Q <sub>G</sub> (nC) typ	16

\* Dynamic on-resistance; see Figures 18 and 19

Symbol	Parameter		Limit Value	Unit
V <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain to source voltage (TJ = -55	Drain to source voltage (T <sub>J</sub> = -55 °C to 150 °C)		
V <sub>DSS(TR)</sub>	Transient drain to source voltage	, a	800	V
V <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate to source voltage		±20	
PD	Maximum power dissipation @Tc	=25°C	119	W
I	Continuous drain current @Tc=25°C <sup>b</sup>		34	А
ID	Continuous drain current @Tc=10	Continuous drain current @Tc=100°C b		А
Idm	Pulsed drain current (pulse width	Pulsed drain current (pulse width: 10µs)		А
Tc	Operating temperature	Case	-55 to +150	°C
٦J	Operating temperature	Junction	-55 to +150	°C
Ts	Storage temperature		-55 to +150	°C
T <sub>SOLD</sub>	Soldering peak temperature °	Soldering peak temperature °		°C
-	Mounting Torque		80	N cm

Notes:

a. In off-state, spike duty cycle D<0.01, spike duration <30  $\mu s$ , non repetitive

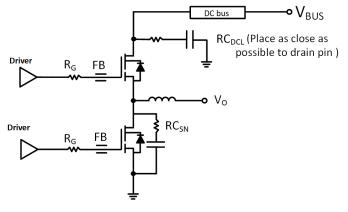
b. For increased stability at high current operation, see Circuit Implementation on page 3

c. For 10 sec., 1.6mm from the case

#### **Thermal Resistance**

Symbol	Parameter	Maximum	Unit
R <sub>0JC</sub>	Junction-to-case	1.05	°C/W
R <sub>ØJA</sub>	Junction-to-ambient	40	°C/W

### **Circuit Implementation**



Layout Recommendations: (See also <u>ANOOO9</u>) Gate Loop:

- Gate Driver: SiLab Si823x/Si827x
- Keep gate loop compact
- Minimize coupling with power loop Power loop:
- Minimize power loop path inductance
- Minimize switching node coupling with high and low power plane
- Add DC bus snubber to reduce to voltage ringing
- Add Switching node snubber for high current operation

Simplified Half-bridge Schematic (See also on Figure 13)

Recommended gate drive: (OV, 12V) with R<sub>G</sub>=  $45\Omega$ 

Gate Ferrite Bead (FB1)	Required DC Link RC Snubber ( $RC_{DCL}$ ) <sup>a</sup>	Recommended Switching Node RC Snubber (RC <sub>SN</sub> )
$240-300\Omega$ at 100MHz	[4.7nF + 5Ω] x 2	See note b and c below

Notes:

a.  $\hfill RC_{DCL}$  should be placed as close as possible to the drain pin

b.  $RC_{SN}$  is needed only if  $R_G$  is smaller than recommendations

c. If required, please use  $15\Omega$ +47pF

### Electrical Parameters (T\_=25°C unless otherwise stated)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions	
Forward D	evice Characteristics	1	l	1	1		
V <sub>DSS(BL)</sub>	Drain-source voltage	650	_	_	V	V <sub>GS</sub> =OV	
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate threshold voltage	3.3	4	4.8	V		
$\Delta V_{GS(th)} / T_J$	Gate threshold voltage temperature coefficient	-	-6.2	-	mV/°C	V <sub>DS</sub> =V <sub>GS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> =0.7mA	
R <sub>DS(on)eff</sub>	Drain-source on-resistance <sup>a</sup>	_	50	60	mΩ	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $I_{D}$ =22A	
NDS(on)eff		-	105	-	11152	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =22A, T <sub>J</sub> =150°C	
I		-	4	40		V <sub>DS</sub> =650V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V	
IDSS	Drain-to-source leakage current	_	15	-	μA	V <sub>DS</sub> =650V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, T <sub>J</sub> =150°C	
		-	-	100		V <sub>GS</sub> =20V	
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-to-source forward leakage current	_	_	-100	nA	V <sub>GS</sub> =-20V	
CISS	Input capacitance	_	1000	-		V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =400V, <i>f</i> =1MHz	
Coss	Output capacitance	_	110	-	рF		
C <sub>RSS</sub>	Reverse transfer capacitance	_	6	-			
C <sub>O(er)</sub>	Output capacitance, energy related b	-	164	-	_	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =0V to 400V	
C <sub>O(tr)</sub>	Output capacitance, time related °	_	280	-	рF		
Q <sub>G</sub>	Total gate charge	_	16	24			
Q <sub>GS</sub>	Gate-source charge	_	6	-	nC	$V_{DS}$ =400V, $V_{GS}$ =0V to 10V, $I_{D}$ =22A	
Q <sub>GD</sub>	Gate-drain charge	_	5	-			
Qoss	Output charge	_	120	-	nC	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =0V to 400V	
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-on delay	_	49.2	-			
t <sub>R</sub>	Rise time	-	11.3	-		$V_{DS}$ =400V, $V_{GS}$ =0V to 10V,	
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-off delay	_	88.3	_	ns	$I_D=22A,$ Rg=45 $\Omega,$ Z_FB=240 $\Omega$ at 100MHz (See Figure 14)	
t <sub>F</sub>	Fall time	_	10.9	_	1		

Notes:

a. Dynamic on-resistance; see Figures 17 and 18 for test circuit and conditions

b. Equivalent capacitance to give same stored energy as  $V_{\text{DS}}$  rises from OV to 400V

c. Equivalent capacitance to give same charging time as  $V_{\text{DS}}$  rises from OV to 400V

## Electrical Parameters (T\_=25°C unless otherwise stated)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions	
<b>Reverse Dev</b>	ice Characteristics						
I <sub>S</sub>	Reverse current	_	_	22	A	$V_{GS}$ =0V, T <sub>C</sub> =100°C, ≤25% duty cycle	
V <sub>SD</sub>	Reverse voltage <sup>a</sup>	-	2.2	2.6	V	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, I <sub>S</sub> =22A	
		_	1.6	1.9		V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, I <sub>S</sub> =11A	
t <sub>RR</sub>	Reverse recovery time	-	50	_	ns	- I <sub>S</sub> =22A, V <sub>DD</sub> =400V	
Q <sub>RR</sub>	Reverse recovery charge	_	120	_	nC		
(di/dt) <sub>RM</sub>	Reverse diode di/dt b	_	_	2500	A/µs	Circuit implementation and parameters on page 3	

Notes:

a. Includes dynamic R<sub>DS(on)</sub> effect

b. Reverse conduction di/dt will not exceed this max value with recommended R<sub>G</sub>.

### Typical Characteristics (Tc=25°C unless otherwise stated)

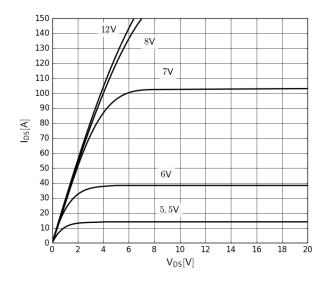
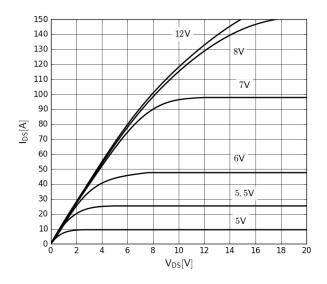
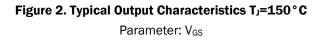
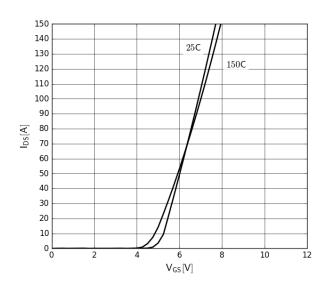
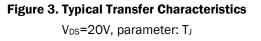


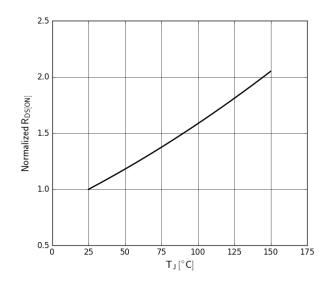
Figure 1. Typical Output Characteristics T\_J=25  $^{\circ}$ C Parameter: V\_{GS}

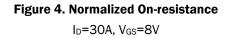












# Typical Characteristics (Tc=25 $^{\circ}$ C unless otherwise stated)

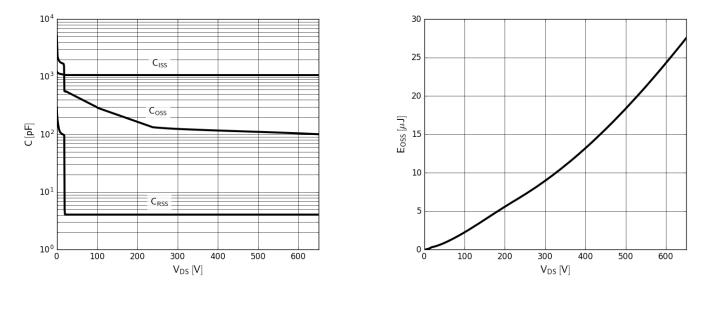
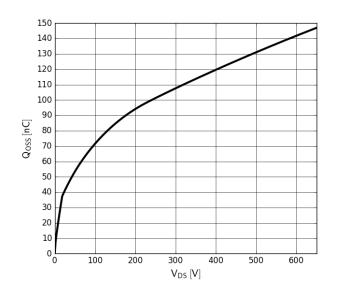
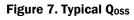


Figure 5. Typical Capacitance

V<sub>GS</sub>=0V, f=1MHz

Figure 6. Typical Coss Stored Energy





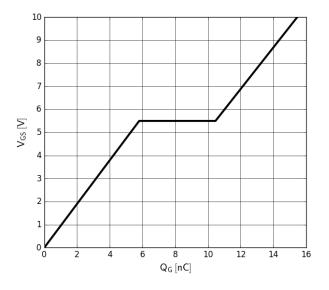


Figure 8. Typical Gate Charge I<sub>DS</sub>=32A, V<sub>DS</sub>=400V

# Typical Characteristics (Tc=25 °C unless otherwise stated)

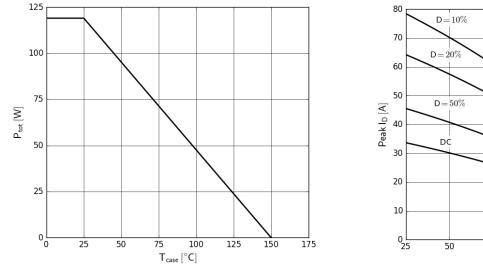


Figure 9. Power Dissipation

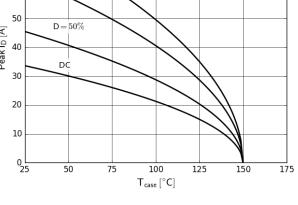
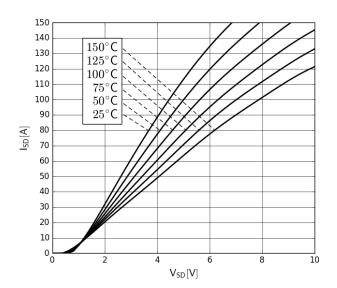
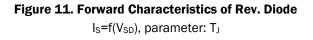


Figure 10. Current Derating Pulse width  $\leq 10\mu s$ ,  $V_{GS} \geq 10V$ 





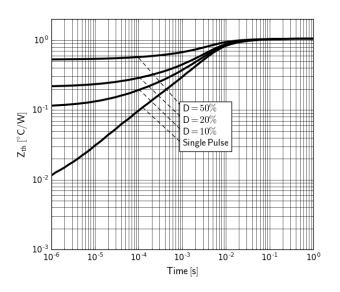
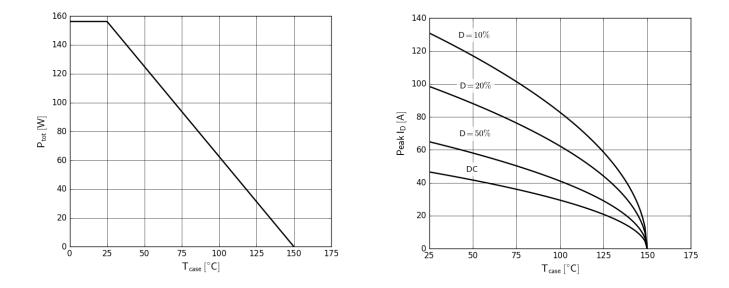


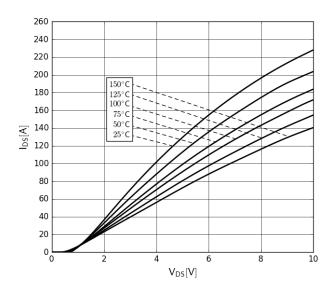
Figure 12. Transient Thermal Resistance

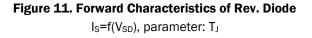
# Typical Characteristics (Tc=25 °C unless otherwise stated)



**Figure 9. Power Dissipation** 

Figure 10. Current Derating Pulse width  $\leq$  10µs, V<sub>GS</sub>  $\geq$  10V





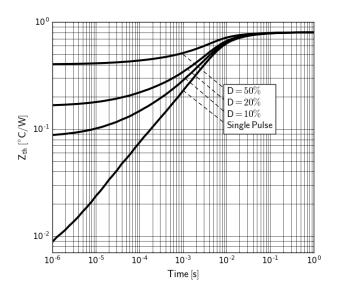


Figure 12. Transient Thermal Resistance

Typical Characteristics (Tc=25 °C unless otherwise stated)

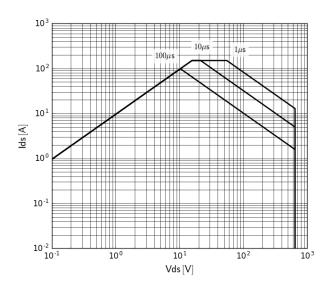
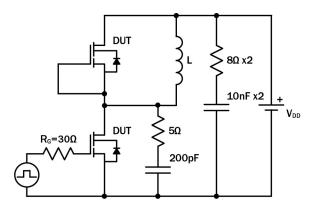


Figure 13. Safe Operating Area  $T_c=25$  °C

### **Test Circuits and Waveforms**



**Figure 13. Switching Time Test Circuit** (see circuit implementation on page 3 for methods to ensure clean switching)

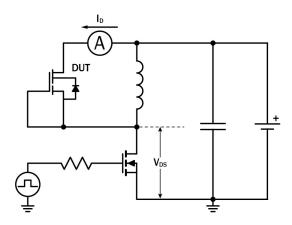


Figure 15. Diode Characteristics Test Circuit

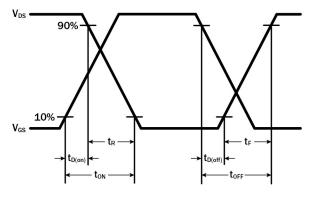


Figure 14. Switching Time Waveform

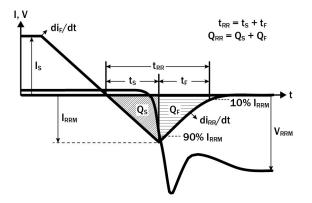
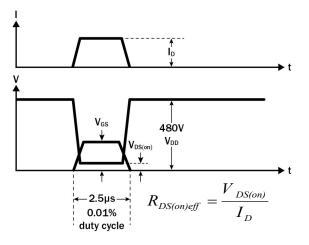


Figure 16. Diode Recovery Waveform





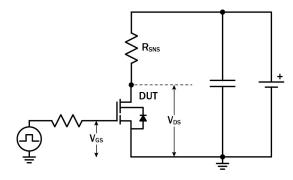


Figure 17. Dynamic RDS(on)eff Test Circuit

### **Design Considerations**

The fast switching of GaN devices reduces current-voltage crossover losses and enables high frequency operation while simultaneously achieving high efficiency. However, taking full advantage of the fast switching characteristics of GaN switches requires adherence to specific PCB layout guidelines and probing techniques.

Before evaluating Transphorm GaN devices, see application note <u>Printed Circuit Board Layout and Probing for GaN Power</u> <u>Switches</u>. The table below provides some practical rules that should be followed during the evaluation.

#### When Evaluating Transphorm GaN Devices:

DO	DO NOT
Minimize circuit inductance by keeping traces short, both in the drive and power loop	Twist the pins of TO-220 or TO-247 to accommodate GDS board layout
Minimize lead length of TO-220 and TO-247 package when mounting to the PCB	Use long traces in drive circuit, long lead length of the devices
Use shortest sense loop for probing; attach the probe and its ground connection directly to the test points	Use differential mode probe or probe ground clip with long wire
See AN0003: Printed Circuit Board Layout and Probing	

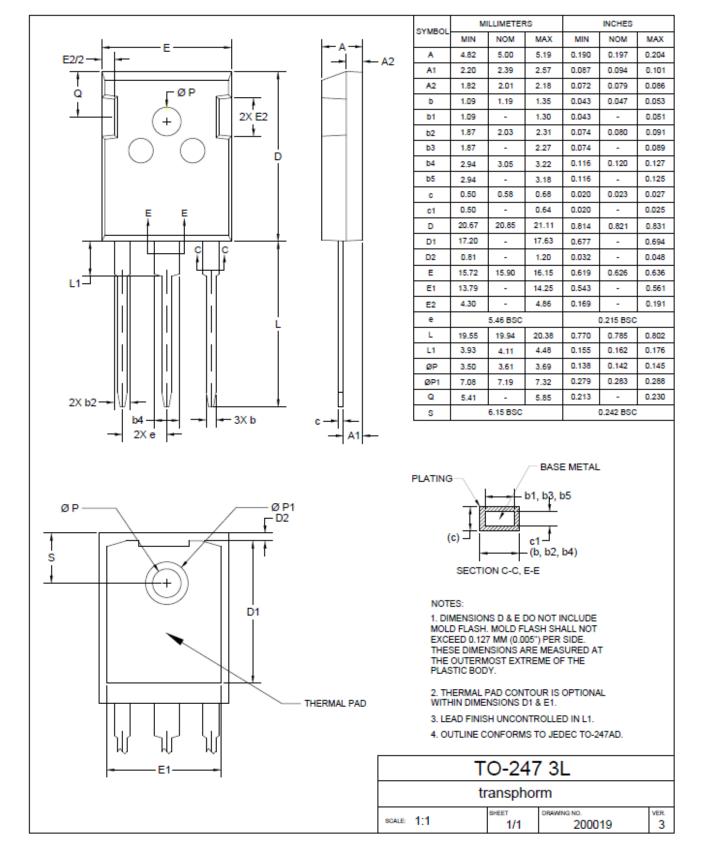
### **GaN Design Resources**

The complete technical library of GaN design tools can be found at transphormusa.com/design:

- Evaluation kits
- Application notes
- Design guides
- Simulation models
- Technical papers and presentations

#### **Mechanical**

#### 3 Lead TO-247 Package



# **Revision History**

Version	Date	Change(s)	
0	01/01/2021	Preliminary	
0.1	05/06/2021	preliminary datasheet update	