

已知参数:

最低输入电压	$V_{inmin} := 56V$
额定输入电压	$V_{innom} := 58V$
最高输入电压	$V_{inmax} := 60V$
预期谐振频率	$f_r := 100 \times 10^3 \text{ Hz}$
输出最小电压	$V_{omin} := 41V$
输出额定电压	$V_{onom} := 50V$
输出最高电压	$V_{omax} := 59V$
额定输出电流	$I_o := 1.2A$
整流管压降	$V_F := 0.7V$

假设额定输入电压对应额定输出电压

理论匝比为

$$n := \frac{V_{innom}}{2 \times (V_{onom} + V_F)} = 0.572$$

在3种不同的输出电压下LLC主回来增益为 G_{min} , G_{nom} , G_{max}

$$G_{min} := \frac{2 \times n \times (V_{omin} + V_F)}{V_{inmax}} \quad G_{nom} := \frac{2 \times n \times (V_{onom} + V_F)}{V_{innom}} \quad G_{max} := \frac{2 \times n \times (V_{omax} + V_F)}{V_{inmin}}$$

$$G_{min} = 0.795$$

$$G_{nom} = 1$$

$$G_{max} = 1.22$$

主变的电感量 L_m 和谐振电感 L_s 的比值 k , k 值一般选择在3 - 10, 目前选取 k 值为5

$$k := 5$$

LLC主回路的增益特性

$$G(f, Q) := \frac{k \times \left(\frac{f}{f_r}\right)^2}{\sqrt{\left[\left(1 + k\right) \times \left(\frac{f}{f_r}\right)^2 - 1 \right]^2 + Q^2 \times k^2 \times \left(\frac{f}{f_r}\right)^2 \times \left(\frac{f^2}{f_r^2} - 1\right)^2}}$$

在最高输出电压条件下，LLC回路最大增益可允许的最大Q值 Q_{max} 和对应的最小工作频率

$$Q_{max} := 0.65 \times \frac{1}{k \times G_{max}} \times \left(k + \frac{G_{max}^2}{G_{max}^2 - 1} \right)^{0.5} \quad f_{min} := \frac{f_r}{\sqrt{1 + k \times \left(1 - \frac{1}{G_{max}^2} \right)}}$$

$$Q_{max} = 0.302 \quad f_{min} = 6.157 \times 10^4 \times \text{Hz}$$

三种不同输出电压下输出阻抗这算到原边的AC阻抗为

$$Re_Vomin := \frac{Vomin}{I_o} \times \frac{8}{\pi^2} \times n^2 = 9.061 \Omega$$

$$Re_Vonom := \frac{Vonom}{I_o} \times \frac{8}{\pi^2} \times n^2 = 11.05 \Omega$$

$$Re_Vomax := \frac{Vomax}{I_o} \times \frac{8}{\pi^2} \times n^2 = 13.039 \Omega$$

$$Ls1 := Q_{max} \times \frac{Re_Vomax}{2 \times \pi \times f_r} \quad Cr1 := \frac{1}{4 \times \pi^2 \times Ls1 \times f_r^2} \quad Lm1 := k \times Ls1$$

$$Ls1 = 6.277 \times \mu\text{H} \quad Cr1 = 403.545 \times \text{nF} \quad Lm1 = 31.385 \times \mu\text{H}$$

选取电容为400nF，谐振电感选取6.3μH

$$Cr := 400\text{nF} \quad Ls := 6.3\mu\text{H} \quad Lm := 31.4\mu\text{H}$$

$$f_{r_actual} := \frac{1}{2 \times \pi \times \sqrt{Ls \times Cr}}$$

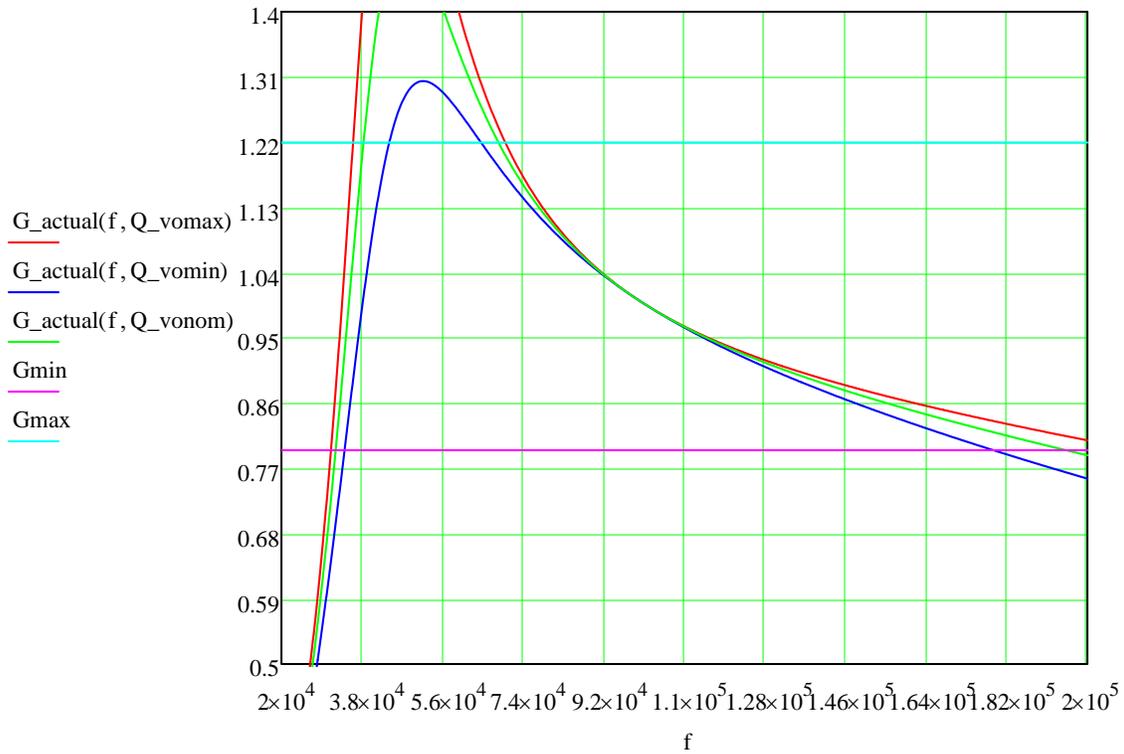
$$f_{r_actual} = 1.003 \times 10^5 \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$$k_actual := \frac{Lm}{Ls} = 4.984$$

$$Q_vomax := \frac{2 \times \pi \times f_{r_actual} \times Ls}{Re_Vomax} \quad Q_vomin := \frac{2 \times \pi \times f_{r_actual} \times Ls}{Re_Vomin} \quad Q_vonom := \frac{2 \times \pi \times f_{r_actual} \times Ls}{Re_Vonom}$$

$$Q_vomax = 0.304 \quad Q_vomin = 0.438 \quad Q_vonom = 0.359$$

$$G_actual(f, Q) := \frac{k_actual \times \left(\frac{f}{f_{r_actual}} \right)^2}{\sqrt{\left[(1 + k_actual) \times \left(\frac{f}{f_{r_actual}} \right)^2 - 1 \right]^2 + Q^2 \times k_actual^2 \times \left(\frac{f}{f_{r_actual}} \right)^2 \times \left(\frac{f^2}{f_{r_actual}^2} - 1 \right)^2}}$$



$$f_{vomax} := \text{root}(G_actual(f, Q_vomax) - Gmax, f, 50000\text{Hz}, 90000\text{Hz}) = 6.999 \times 10^4 \times \text{Hz}$$

$$f_{vonom} := \text{root}(G_actual(f, Q_vonom) - Gnom, f, 50000\text{Hz}, 150000\text{Hz}) = 1.003 \times 10^5 \times \text{Hz}$$

$$f_{vomin} := \text{root}(G_actual(f, Q_vomin) - Gmin, f, 50000\text{Hz}, 300000\text{Hz}) = 1.789 \times 10^5 \times \text{Hz}$$

变压器计算

磁芯选取PQ2625

$$Ae := 118\text{mm}^2 \quad Bmax := 0.2\text{T} \quad \Delta B := 2 \times Bmax = 0.4\text{T}$$

$$Ns1 := \frac{Vomax}{2 \times f_{vomax} \times Ae \times \Delta B} = 8.93$$

选取副边匝数为9匝

$$Ns := 9$$

$$Np1 := Ns \times n = 5.148$$

选取原边匝数为5匝

$$Np := 5$$

$$n_{\text{actual}} := \frac{N_p}{N_s} = 0.556$$

$$\text{原边RMS电流: } I_{oe} := \frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{I_o}{n_{\text{actual}}} = 2.399 \text{ A}$$

$$\text{频率最小时励磁电流: } I_m := \frac{2 \times \sqrt{2}}{\pi} \times \frac{n_{\text{actual}} \times V_{\text{onom}}}{2 \times \pi \times f_{\text{vomax}} \times L_m} = 1.811 \text{ A}$$

$$\text{谐振电流: } I_r := \sqrt{I_{oe}^2 + I_m^2} = 3.006 \text{ A}$$

$$\text{变压器原边电流: } I_p := I_r = 3.006 \text{ A}$$

$$\text{副边总RMS电流: } I_{oe_s} := I_{oe} \times n_{\text{actual}} = 1.333 \text{ A}$$

$$\text{流过每个绕组的RMS电流为: } I_{\text{rect}} := \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times I_{oe_s} = 0.942 \text{ A}$$

$$\text{电流密度: } j := 5 \frac{\text{A}}{\text{mm}^2}$$

$$\text{所需原边绕组导线截面积为 } S_p := \frac{I_p}{j} = 6.012 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{可选择多股线 } 0.15 \times 10 \times 2 \times 2 \quad \text{则原边导线截面积为 } S_{\text{actual}} := \pi \times \left(\frac{0.15 \text{ mm}}{2} \right)^2 \times 40 = 7.069 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{副边需要的导线面积为: } S_{\text{s}} := \frac{I_{\text{rect}}}{j} = 1.885 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{可选择多股线 } 0.15 \times 15 \quad S_{\text{actual_2}} := \pi \times \left(\frac{0.15 \text{ mm}}{2} \right)^2 \times 15 = 2.651 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{窗口面积核算: } A_{w1} := N_p \times S_{\text{actual}} + N_s \times S_{\text{actual_2}} = 5.92 \times \text{mm}^2$$

$$\text{PQ2625的窗口面积: } A_w := 84.5 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\text{谐振电感磁芯选择EE13: } A_{e_L} := 17.1 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\text{谐振电感的 } B_{\text{max}} \text{ 取值: } B_{\text{max_L}} := 0.2 \text{ T}$$

$$N_{\text{L}} := \frac{L_s \times I_r}{B_{\text{max_L}} \times A_{e_L}} = 5.537$$

$$I_{\text{max}} := \frac{2 \times B_{\text{max_L}} \times A_{e_L} \times 6}{L_s} = 6.514 \text{ A}$$

$$\text{匝数取整数为: } N_{\text{L_actual}} := 6$$

$$\text{谐振电感需要的导线截面积为 } S_{\text{L}} := \frac{I_r}{j} = 6.012 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{可选择多股线 } 0.15 \text{ mm} \times 40 \quad S_{\text{L_actual}} := \pi \times \left(\frac{0.15 \text{ mm}}{2} \right)^2 \times 40 = 7.069 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{窗口面积核算: } A_{w_L} := N_{\text{L_actual}} \times S_{\text{L_actual}} = 4.241 \times \text{mm}^2$$

$$\text{磁芯的窗口面积为: } A_{w_L_actual} := 33.35 \text{ mm}^2$$

MOS选取安森美的FDP150N10A

$$R_{ds} := 0.015\Omega \quad Coer := 436pF \quad Coss := 355pF$$

$$\text{流过每个MOS的电流为 } I_{mos} := \frac{I_r}{\sqrt{2}} = 2.126 \text{ A}$$

$$\text{MOS管功耗: } P_{mos} := I_{mos}^2 \times R_{ds} = 0.068 \text{ W}$$

ZVS设计:

频率最大时励磁电流有效值为:

$$I_{mnom} := \frac{2 \times \sqrt{2}}{\pi} \times \frac{n_{actual} \times V_{omin}}{2 \times \pi \times f_{vomin} \times L_m} = 0.544 \text{ A}$$

$$I_{mpk} := \sqrt{2} \times I_{mnom} = 0.77 \text{ A}$$

$$E_L := \frac{1}{2} \times (L_m + L_s) \times I_{mpk}^2 = 1.117 \times 10^{-5} \text{ J}$$

$$E_C := \frac{1}{2} \times (2 \times Coer) V_{innom}^2 = 1.467 \times 10^{-6} \text{ J}$$

$$E_L \geq E_C$$

$$t_{dead} \geq 16 \times Coss \times f_{vonom} \times L_m$$

$$16 \times 355pF \times 178.9 \times 10^3 \text{ Hz} \times 31.4\mu\text{H} = 31.907 \times \text{ns}$$

死区时间大于32ns即可实现ZVS。

次级整流管电压、电流、损耗计算:

$$V_{D_max} := 2 \times V_{omax} = 118 \text{ V}$$

$$I_{D_avg} := \frac{I_o}{2} = 0.6 \text{ A}$$

$$P_{D_loss} := V_F \times I_{D_avg} = 0.42 \text{ W}$$

谐振电容的电流有效值与最大电压值:

$$I_{cr_rms} := I_r = 3.006 \text{ A}$$

$$V_{Cr} := \frac{V_{inmax}}{2} + \sqrt{2} \times \frac{I_{cr_rms}}{2\pi \times f_{vonom} \times C_r} = 45.643 \text{ V}$$

输出电容参数计算:

$$I_{co} := \sqrt{I_{oe_s}^2 - I_o^2} = 0.58 \text{ A}$$

$$V_{o_pk} := 0.01 \times V_{omax} = 0.59 \text{ V}$$

$$I_{oe_s_pk} := \sqrt{2} \times I_{oe_s} = 1.885 \text{ A}$$

$$ESR := \frac{V_{o_pk}}{I_{oe_s_pk}} = 0.313 \Omega$$

输出电解电容选取江海的ECR1JGC181M1J100030,其100kHz时的参数如下:

$$ESR_C := 0.085 \Omega \quad I_C := 1.02A$$

可用2个该电容并联使用。

变压器损耗计算:

$$\text{铜电阻系数: } k_copper := 0.01724 \times 10^{-3} \Omega \times mm$$

$$\text{PQ2020绕线时其最小周长为: } C_min := 12mm \times \pi = 0.038 m$$

$$C_max := 22.5mm \times \pi = 0.071 m$$

$$C_avg := \frac{(C_min + C_max)}{2} = 0.054 m$$

$$\text{原边绕线长度约为: } L1 := Np \times C_avg = 0.271 m$$

$$\text{原边导线电阻: } R_copper := k_copper \times \frac{L1}{S_actual} = 6.609 \times 10^{-3} \Omega$$

$$\text{原边铜损为: } P_loss_copper := I_r^2 \times R_copper = 0.06 W$$

$$\text{副边绕线长度约为: } L2 := Ns \times C_avg = 0.488 m$$

$$\text{副边导线电阻: } R_copper1 := k_copper \times \frac{L2}{S_actual_2} = 0.032 \Omega$$

$$\text{副边铜损为: } P_loss_copper1 := I_{rect}^2 \times R_copper1 = 0.028 W$$

变压器总铜损为(副边具有中心抽头,需要乘以2):

$$P_loss_copper2 := P_loss_copper + 2 \times P_loss_copper1 = 0.116 W$$

变压器的铁损可以根据PC95磁芯的损耗曲线来计算,

$B_m := 0.2T$ 频率为100kHz 温度为80°C 单位磁芯损耗:

$$P_v := 300 \frac{kW}{m^3}$$

$$\text{PQ2625体积: } V_e := 6530mm^3$$

$$\text{则铁损: } P_loss_fe := P_v \times V_e = 1.959 W$$

$$\text{则变压器总损耗: } P_loss_T := P_loss_copper2 + P_loss_fe = 2.075 W$$

谐振电感损耗计算:

$$\text{电感绕线一周的周长约为 } L_L := (2.75 + 6.15)mm \times 2 \times 1.2 \times Ns = 0.192 m$$

则电感导线电阻为 $R_L := k_{\text{copper}} \times \frac{L_L}{S_{\text{actual}}} = 4.689 \times 10^{-3} \Omega$

谐振电感铜损为: $P_{\text{loss_copper_L}} := I_r^2 \times R_L = 0.042 \text{ W}$

磁芯EE13的体积: $V_{e_L} := 517 \text{ mm}^3$

则铁损: $P_{\text{loss_fe_L}} := P_v \times V_{e_L} = 0.155 \text{ W}$

则谐振电感的损耗为 $P_{\text{loss_L}} := P_{\text{loss_copper_L}} + P_{\text{loss_fe_L}} = 0.197 \text{ W}$

在3种不同的输出电压下LLC主回来增益为Gmin, Gnom, Gmax

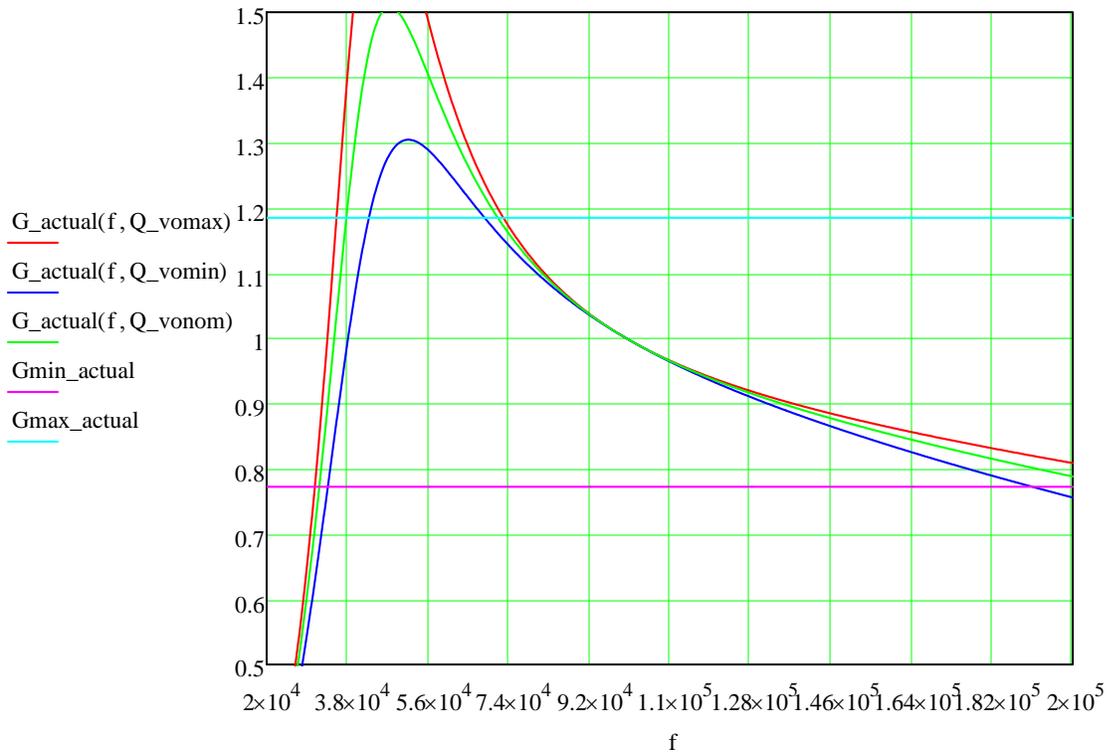
$$G_{min_actual} := \frac{2 \times n_actual \times (V_{omin} + VF)}{V_{inmax}}, \quad G_{nom_actual} := \frac{2 \times n_actual \times (V_{onom} + VF)}{V_{innom}}, \quad G_{max_actual} :=$$

$$G_{min_actual} = 0.772$$

$$G_{nom_actual} = 0.971$$

$$G_{max_actual} =$$

$$G_{actual}(f, Q) := \frac{k_actual \times \left(\frac{f}{f_{r_actual}}\right)^2}{\sqrt{\left[\left(1 + k_actual\right) \times \left(\frac{f}{f_{r_actual}}\right)^2 - 1 \right]^2 + Q^2 \times k_actual^2 \times \left(\frac{f}{f_{r_actual}}\right)^2 \times \left(\frac{f^2}{f_{r_actual}^2} - 1\right)^2}}$$



$$f_{vomax} := \text{root}(G_{actual}(f, Q_{vomax}) - G_{max_actual}, f, 50000\text{Hz}, 90000\text{Hz}) = 7.286 \times 10^4 \times \text{Hz}$$

$$\underline{f_{vonom}} := \text{root}(G_{\text{actual}}(f, Q_{\text{vonom}}) - G_{\text{nom_actual}}, f, 50000\text{Hz}, 150000\text{Hz}) = 1.081 \times 10^5 \times \text{Hz}$$

$$\underline{f_{vomin}} := \text{root}(G_{\text{actual}}(f, Q_{\text{vomin}}) - G_{\text{min_actual}}, f, 50000\text{Hz}, 300000\text{Hz}) = 1.91 \times 10^5 \times \text{Hz}$$

$$= \frac{2 \times n_{\text{actual}} \times (V_{\text{omax}} + VF)}{V_{\text{inmin}}}$$

= 1.185