

# iW1706-00 for 9V600mA Network Adapter Design

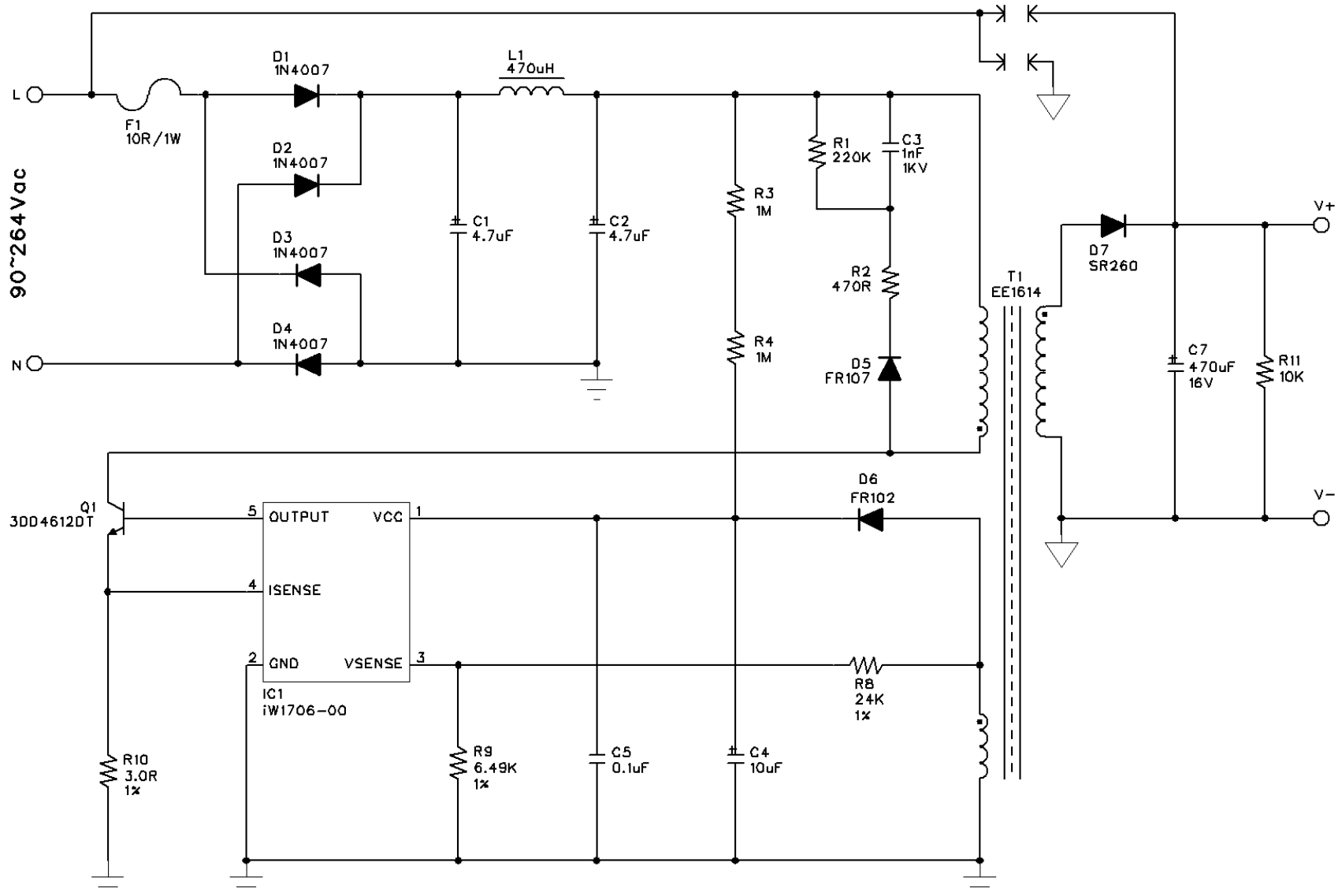
## General Design Specification :

1. AC Input Range 90-264Vac
2. DC Output 9V,600mA
3. Meet “**150mW**” No-Load Standby Power Consumption Requirement
4. Meet “**EPA\_2.0**” Requirement at end of Output DC-Cable
5. Max Ripple <200mV<sub>P\_P</sub>
6. No Y-CAP Design

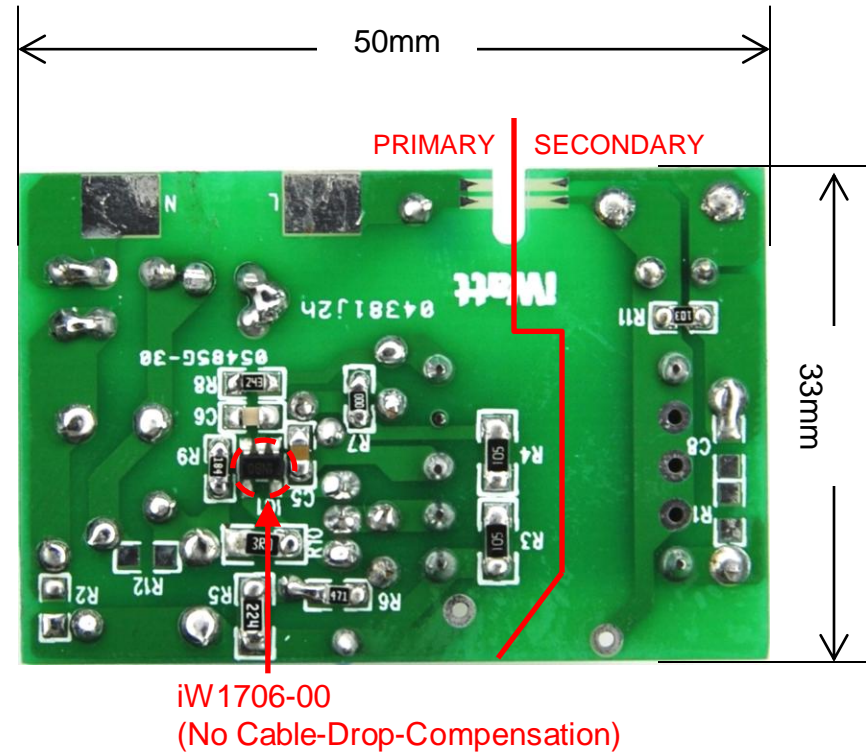
# 1. Specification

Description	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Comment
<b>Input</b>						
Voltage	$V_{IN}$	90		264	V <sub>AC</sub>	2 Wire
Frequency	$f_{LINE}$	63	50/60	47	Hz	
No-load Input Power (230V <sub>AC</sub> )				150	mW	
<b>Output</b>						
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$	8.55	9.00	9.45	V	Measured at the end of Output DC-Cable
Output Current	$I_{OUT}$	0		0.6	A	
Output Ripple Voltage	$V_{RIPPLE}$			200	mV <sub>P-P</sub>	Measured at the end of Output DC-cable $I_{OUT}=0.6A$ @ $T_A = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ 20 MHz Bandwidth
<b>Total Output Power</b>						
Continuous Output Power	$P_{OUT}$	5.4			W	
Over Current Protection	<b>OCP</b>			0.9	A	Auto-restart
Active Mode Efficiency (Meet EPA2.0 Requirement)	$\eta$	72.8			%	Measured at end of Output DC-Cable, $V_{IN} = 115VAC$ and $230VAC$ ( $T_{AMB} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ).
<b>Environmental</b>						
Conducted EMI		Meets CISPR22B / EN55022B				
Safety		Designed to meet IEC950, UL1950 Class II				
Ambient Temperature	$T_{AMB}$	0		40	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	Free convection, sea level

## 2. Schematic



### 3. Circuit Board Photograph

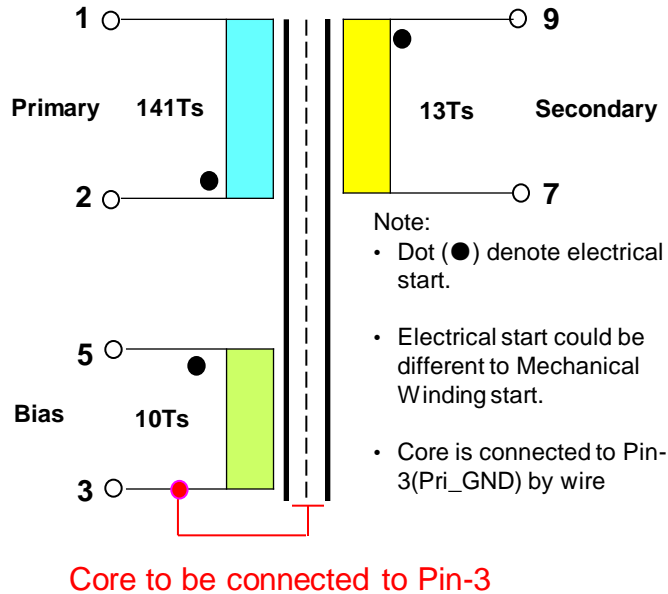


# 4. Bill of Material

Item	Qty.	Ref.	Description
1	1	IC1	iW1706-00, Off-line Digital PSR & PWM & VMS Controller, SOT23-5
2	2	C1,C2	4.7uF/400V, E-Cap, $\Phi$ 8mmX12mm
3	1	C3	1nF/1KV, Ceramic Capacitor
4	1	C4	10uF/50V, Low ESR E-Cap, $\Phi$ 5mmX11.5mm
5	1	C5	0.1uF/25V, X7R, SMD-0603
6	1	C7	470uF/16V, Low ESR E-Cap, $\Phi$ 8mmX12mm
7	4	D1,D2,D3,D4	1N4007, 1A1000V, Rectifier Diode, DO-41
8	1	D5	FR107, 1A1000V, Fast Recovery Rectifier (Trr=500nS), DO-41
9	1	D6	FR102 1A100V, Fast Recovery Rectifier (Trr=150nS), DO-41
10	1	D7	SR260, 2A60V, Schottky Diode, DO-15
11	1	L1	470uH, Color Ring Inductor, 0510
12	2	R3,R4	1M $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5%, SMD-1206
13	1	R1	220K $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5%, SMD-1206
14	1	R2	470 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5%, SMD-0805
15	1	R8	24K $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1%, SMD-0805
16	1	R9	6.49K $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1%, SMD-0603
17	1	R10	3.0 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1%, SMD-0805
18	1	R11	22K $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5%, SMD-0805
19	1	F1	10 $\Omega$ , Fusible Resistor, 1W
20	1	Q1	3DD4612DT, 1.5A800V, NPN Transistor, TO-92
21	1	T1	EE1614, Horizontal Taye
22	1	PCB	Single Side Board, 94V0

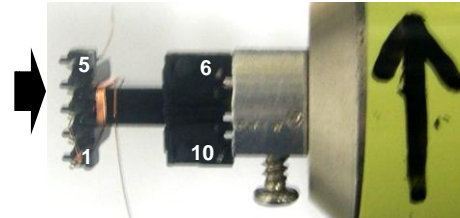
# 5. Transformer Design

## SCHEMATIC

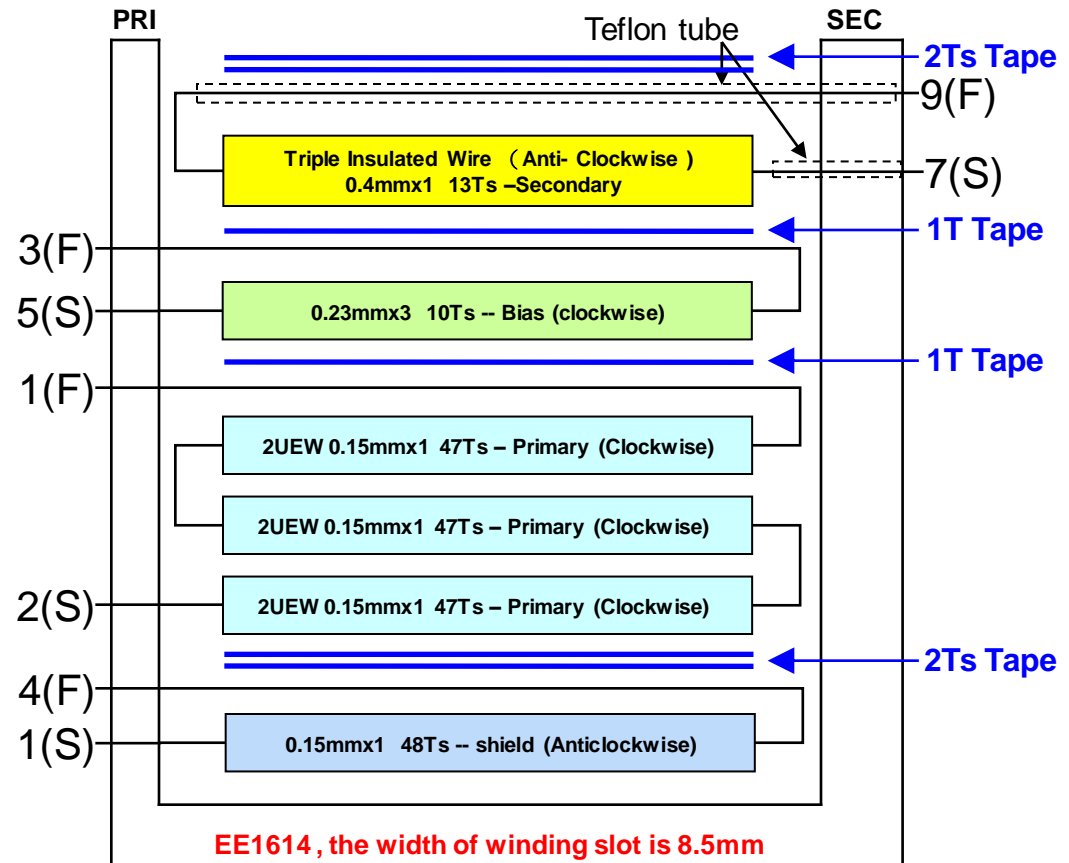


## Instruction for start of first winding...

Winding Start pin-1 & End pin-4 in "Clockwise" direction – looking from Pin 1/5 side of the Bobbin.



Rotating direction of winding machine



## ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS:

1. Primary Inductance ( $L_p$ ) =  $2.3\text{mH} \pm 7\%$  @10KHz
2. Primary Leakage Inductance ( $L_k$ )  $< 5\% L_p$
3. Electrical Strength = 3KV, 50/60Hz, 1Min

## MATERIALS:

1. Core : EE16 (Ferrite Material TDK PC40 or equivalent)
2. Bobbin : EE1614 Horizontal.
3. Magnet Wires (Pri) : Type 2-UEW
4. Magnet Wire (Sec) : Triple Insulated Wires
5. Layer Insulation Tape : 3M1298 or equivalent.

## FINISHED :

1. Varnish the complete assembly

## 6. Regulation, Ripple and Efficiency Measurement

**\* Note: Output voltage is measured at PCB Terminal.**

$V_{IN}$ ( $V_{AC}$ )	$P_{IN}$ (W)	$V_{OUT}$ (V)	$I_{OUT}$ (mA)	$V_{RIPPLE}$ (mV <sub>P-P</sub> )	$P_{OUT}$ (W)	$\eta$ (%)	OCP (mA)	Average $\eta$ (%)
90	0.065	9.10	0	20			669	76.85
	1.74	9.10	150	50	1.37	78.45		
	3.52	9.11	300	62	2.73	77.64		
	5.41	9.13	450	74	4.11	75.92		
	7.27	9.14	600	176	5.48	75.39		
115	0.070	9.09	0	18			676	78.89
	1.75	9.10	150	48	1.36	77.99		
	3.42	9.11	300	56	2.73	79.89		
	5.18	9.13	450	74	4.11	79.29		
	7.00	9.14	600	82	5.49	78.37		
230	0.105	9.08	0	18			689	77.19
	1.88	9.10	150	64	1.36	72.44		
	3.54	9.11	300	64	2.73	77.24		
	5.19	9.13	450	62	4.11	79.14		
	6.86	9.14	600	92	5.48	79.95		
264	0.115	9.13	0	20			690	75.57
	1.94	9.09	150	48	1.36	70.46		
	3.63	9.11	300	50	2.73	75.29		
	5.29	9.13	450	64	4.11	77.64		
	6.95	9.14	600	82	5.48	78.91		

# 7. EPA\_2.0 Requirement

Table 1: Energy-Efficiency Criteria for Ac-Ac and Ac-Dc External Power Supplies in Active

Mode: **Standard Models**

Nameplate Output Power ( $P_{no}$ )	Minimum Average Efficiency in Active Mode (expressed as a decimal) <sup>2</sup>
0 to $\leq 1$ watt	$\geq 0.480 * P_{no} + 0.140$
$> 1$ to $\leq 49$ watts	$\geq [0.0626 * \ln(P_{no})] + 0.622$
$> 49$ watts	$\geq 0.870$

Table 2: Energy-Efficiency Criteria for Ac-Ac and Ac-Dc External Power Supplies

in Active Mode: **Low Voltage Models**

Nameplate Output Power ( $P_{no}$ )	Minimum Average Efficiency in Active Mode (expressed as a decimal) <sup>2</sup>
0 to $\leq 1$ watt	$\geq 0.497 * P_{no} + 0.067$
$> 1$ to $\leq 49$ watts	$\geq [0.0750 * \ln(P_{no})] + 0.561$
$> 49$ watts	$\geq 0.860$

EPA2.0 (Final) for Low Voltage Model ( $P_{no}=3.75W$ )

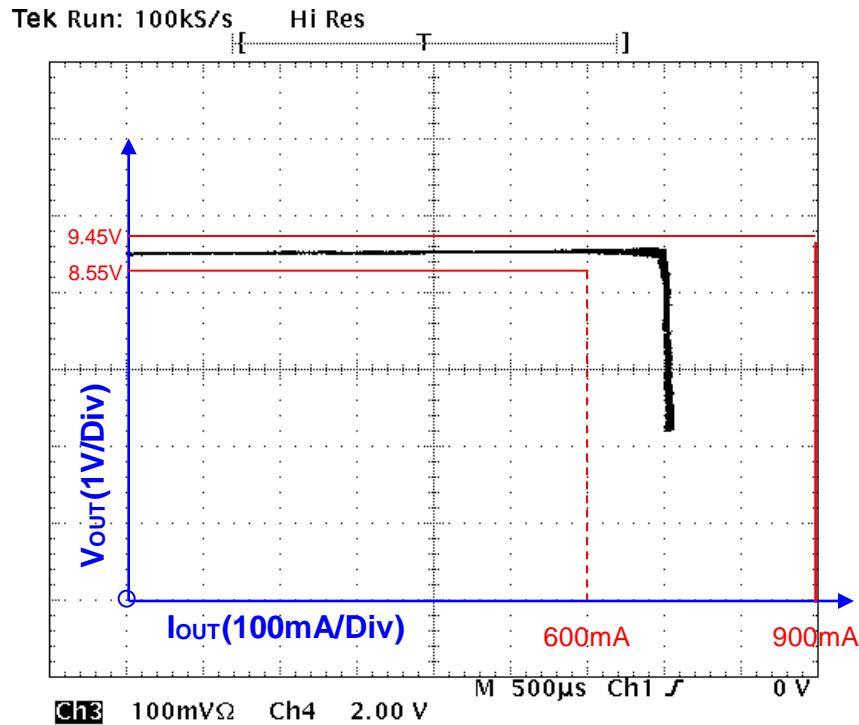
$$0.0626 \times \ln(5.4W) + 0.622 = 72.8\%$$

Meet EPA2.0 with lots of Margin!

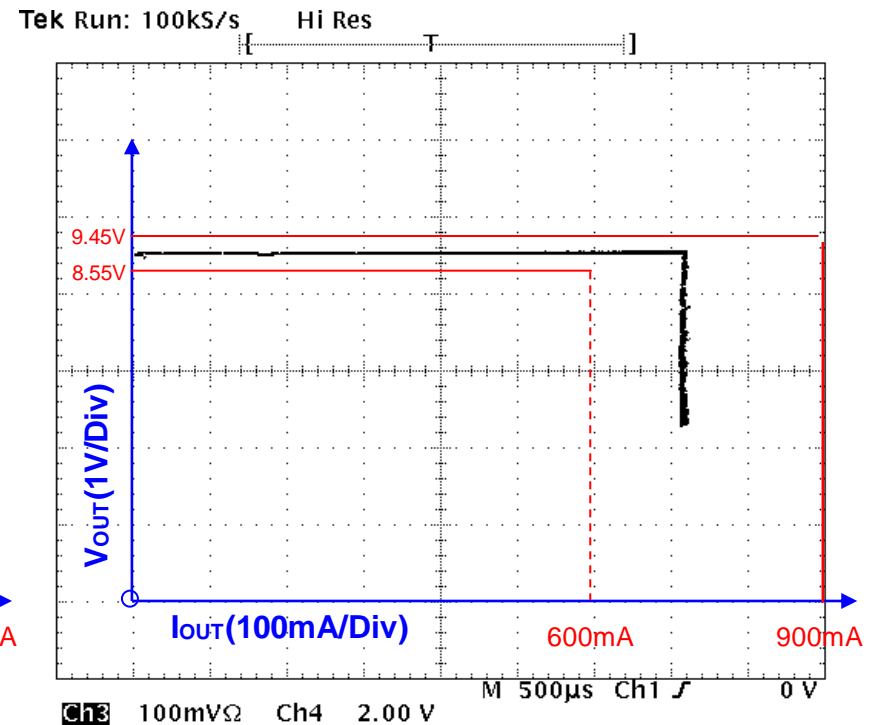
$V_{IN}$ (VAC)	$I_{OUT}$ (mA)	$P_{IN}$ (W)	Measure at end of PCB				Measure at end of Cable 26AWG/1.8m, $R_{Cable}=0.51\Omega$			
			$V_{OUT\_PCB}$ (V)	$P_{OUT\_PCB}$ (W)	$EFF\_PCB$ (%)	$AV-EFF\_PCB$ (%)	$V_{OUT\_Cable}$ (V)	$P_{OUT\_Cable}$ (W)	$EFF\_Cable$ (%)	$AV-EFF\_Cable$ (%)
115	150	1.770	9.24	1.39	78.31	79.51	9.16	1.37	77.66	77.87
	300	3.440	9.25	2.78	80.67		9.10	2.73	79.33	
	450	5.210	9.26	4.17	79.98		9.03	4.06	78.00	
	600	7.040	9.28	5.57	79.09		8.97	5.38	76.48	
230	150	1.870	9.24	1.39	74.12	78.39	9.16	1.37	73.50	76.75
	300	3.540	9.26	2.78	78.47		9.11	2.73	77.18	
	450	5.200	9.26	4.17	80.13		9.03	4.06	78.15	
	600	6.880	9.27	5.56	80.84		8.96	5.38	78.17	

# 8. Output VI Characteristics

$V_{IN}=90Vac/50Hz$

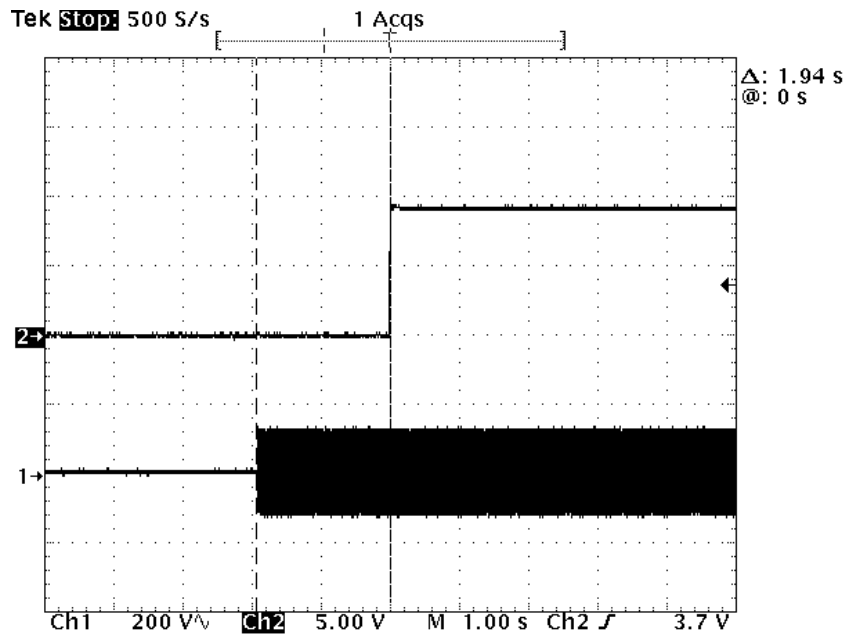


$V_{IN}=264Vac/50Hz$



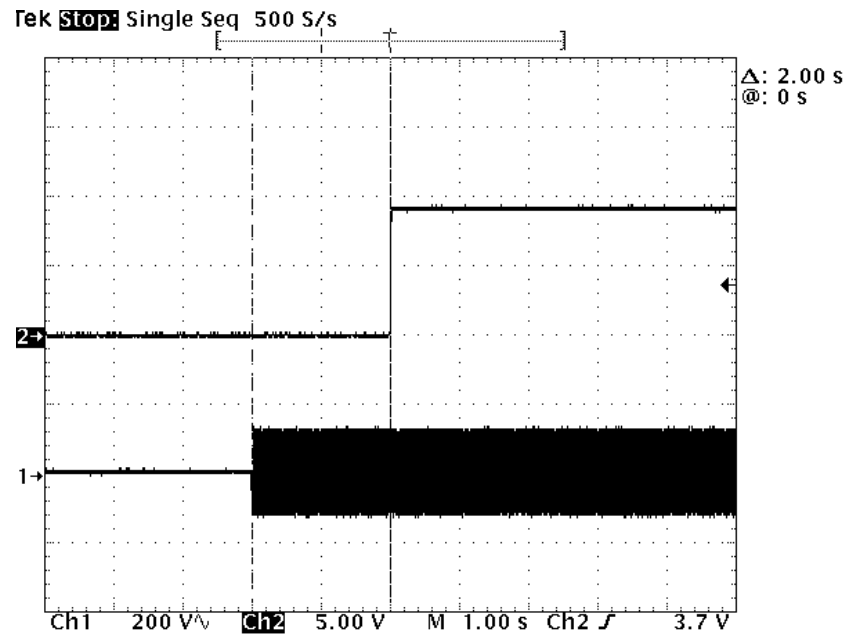
**Note: Output voltage is monitored at end of PCB**

# 9. Turn-On Delay Time



90V<sub>AC</sub>, No Load

$T_{ST\_DELAY} = 1.94S$



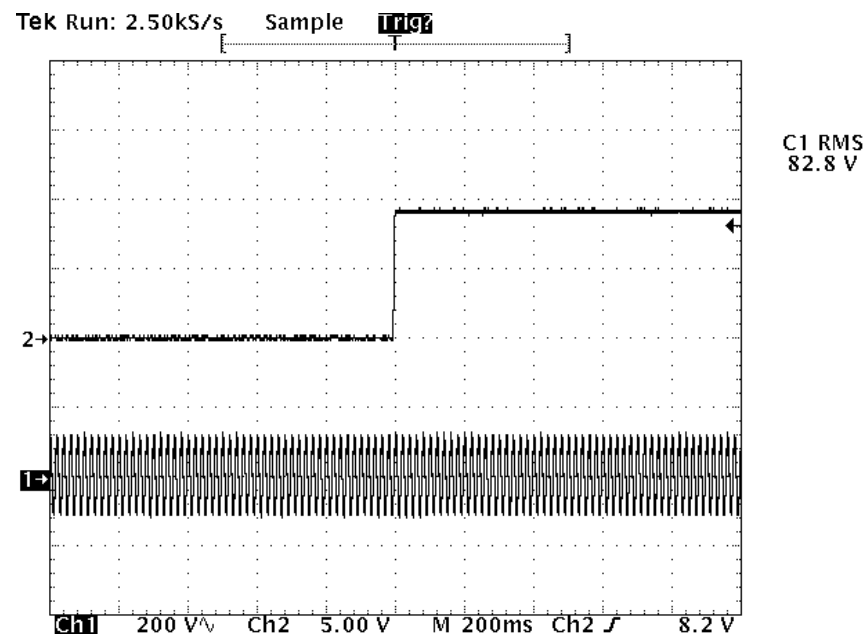
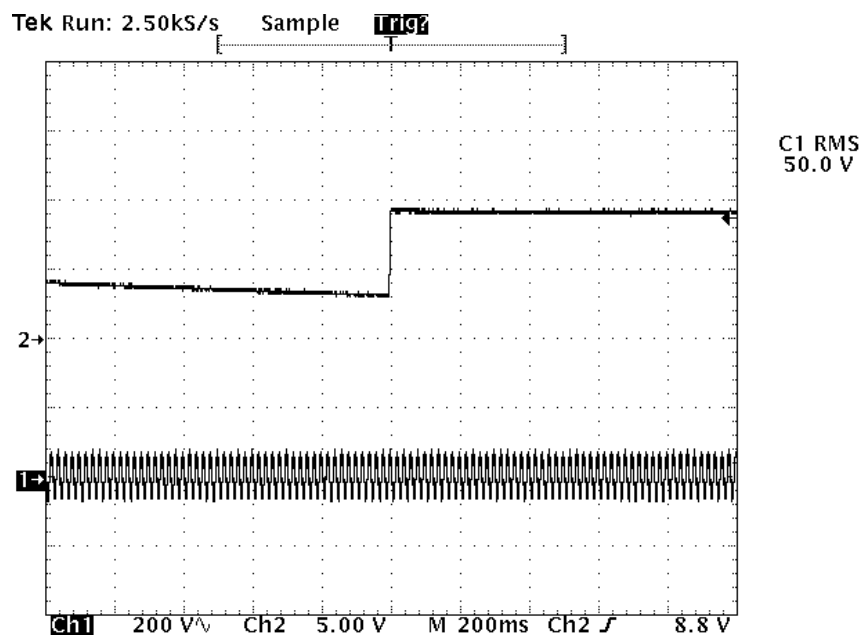
90V<sub>AC</sub>, Full Load

$T_{ST\_DELAY} = 2.0S$

# 10. AC Startup Voltage Characteristic

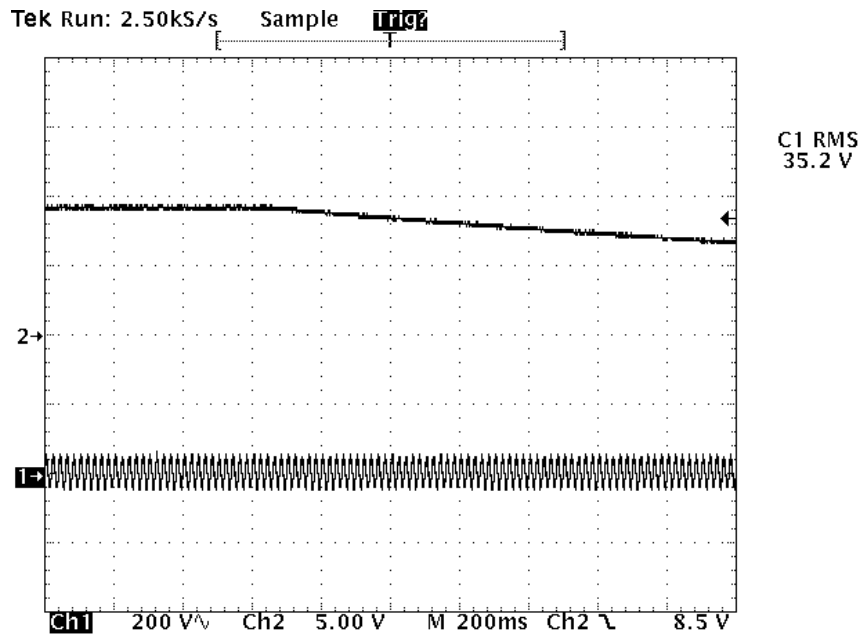
No Load,  $V_{IN\_STARTUP} = 50V_{AC}$

Full Load,  $V_{IN\_STARTUP} = 82.8V_{AC}$

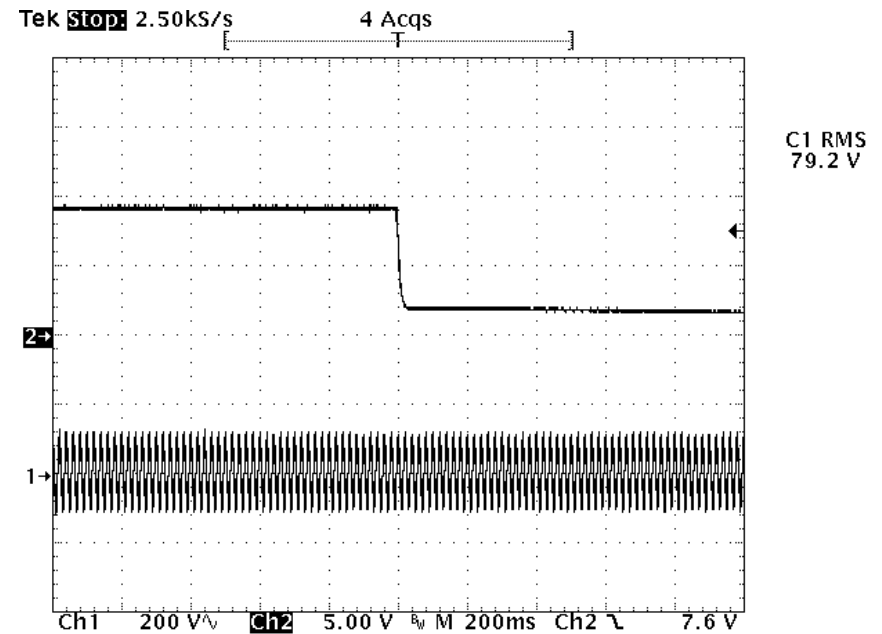


# 11. AC Brownout Voltage Characteristic

No Load,  $V_{IN\_BROWNOUT} = 35.2V_{AC}$

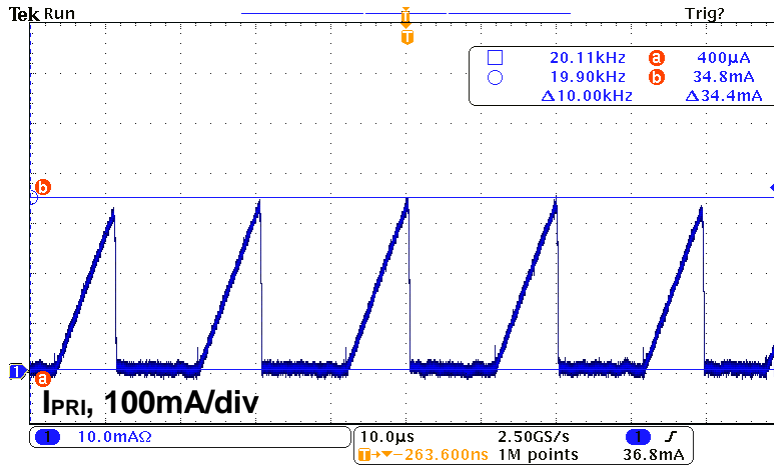


Full Load,  $V_{IN\_BROWNOUT} = 79.2V_{AC}$



# 12. Transformer Flux Density

(  $N_p = 141$  Ts,  $L_{P\_MAX} = 2.46$  mH,  $A_e = 19.1$  mm<sup>2</sup>-EE1614)



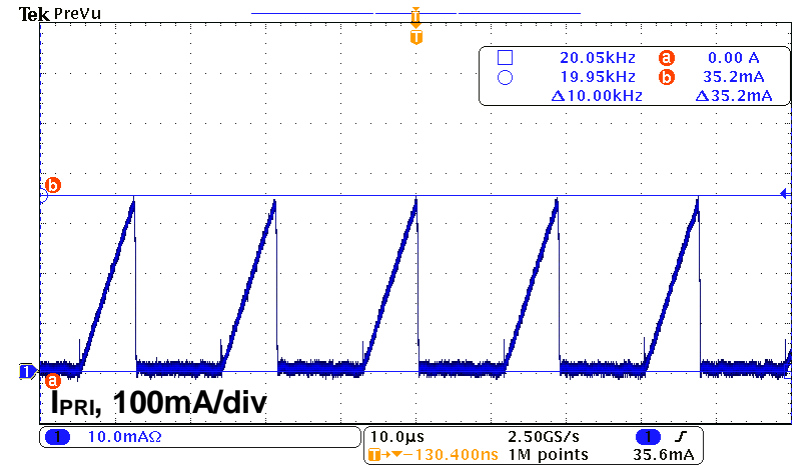
$I_{PRI}$  is monitored at 90Vac and 600mA load

$I_{PRI} = 344$  mA

$$B_{MAX} = (I_{PRI} * L_{P\_MAX}) / (N_p * A_e)$$

$$= (344 * 2.46) / (141 * 19.1)$$

$$= 0.314 \text{ Tesla}$$



$I_{PRI}$  is monitored at 90Vac and 700mA load  
(Max Output Power).

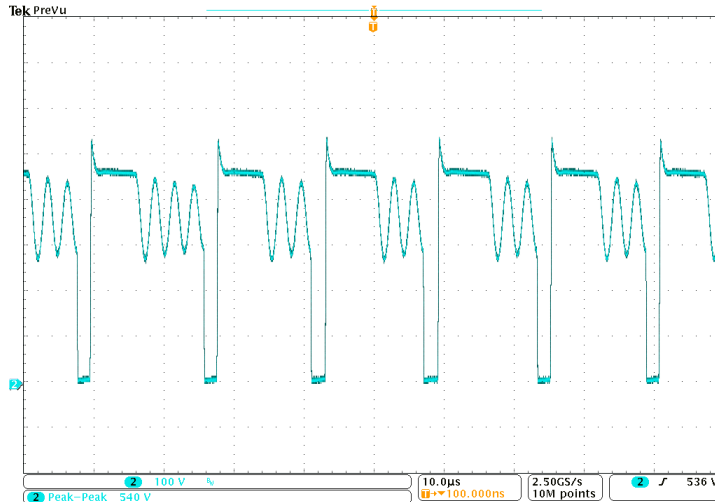
$I_{PRI} = 352$  mA

$$B_{MAX} = (I_{PRI} * L_{P\_MAX}) / (N_p * A_e)$$

$$= (352 * 2.46) / (128 * 19.1)$$

$$= 0.322 \text{ Tesla}$$

# 13. $V_{CE}$ Waveform



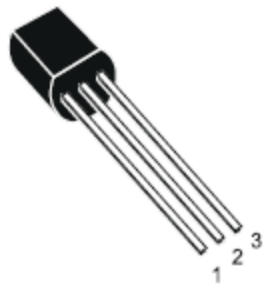
**Test Condition:**

$V_{IN}=264V_{AC}$ ,  $I_{OUT\_CV}=600mA$

**Result:**

$V_{CE\_MAX}=540V$

## Appendix – Simple Specification for used Transistor(3DD4612DT)

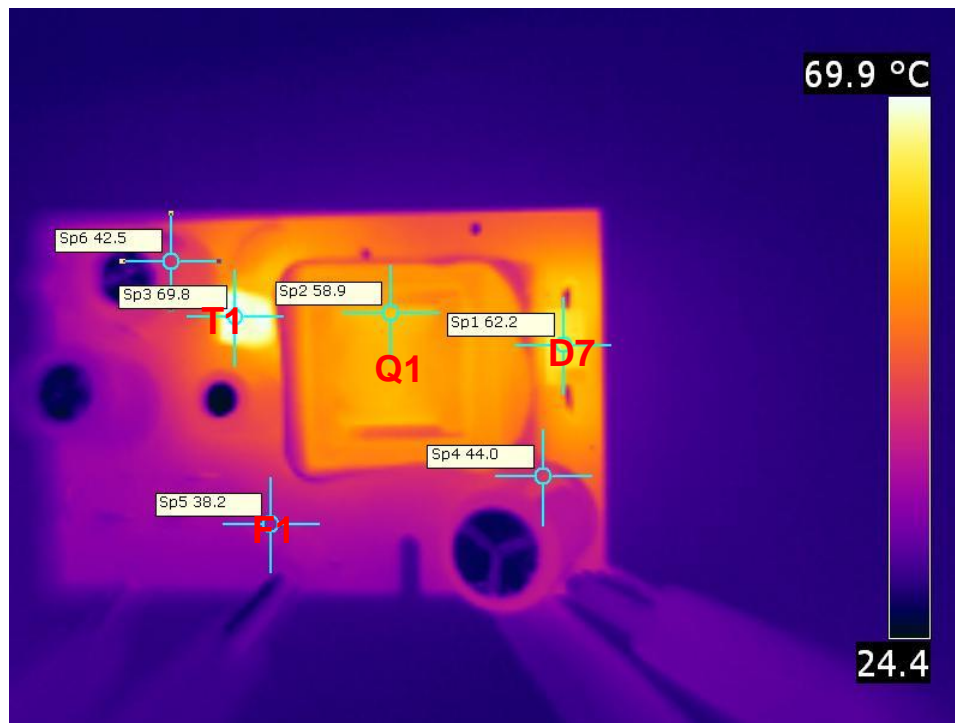


TO-92

Except for Other Prescription,  $T_a=25^{\circ}C$

Parameter Note		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage		$V_{CBO}$	800	V
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage		$V_{CEO}$	450	V
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage		$V_{EBO}$	9	V
Collector Current		$I_C$	1.5	A
Power Dissipation	$T_a=25^{\circ}C$	$P_{tot}$	0.8	W
Junction Temperature		$T_j$	150	$^{\circ}C$
Storage Temperature		$T_{stg}$	-55~150	$^{\circ}C$

# 14. Thermal Test for Critical Components

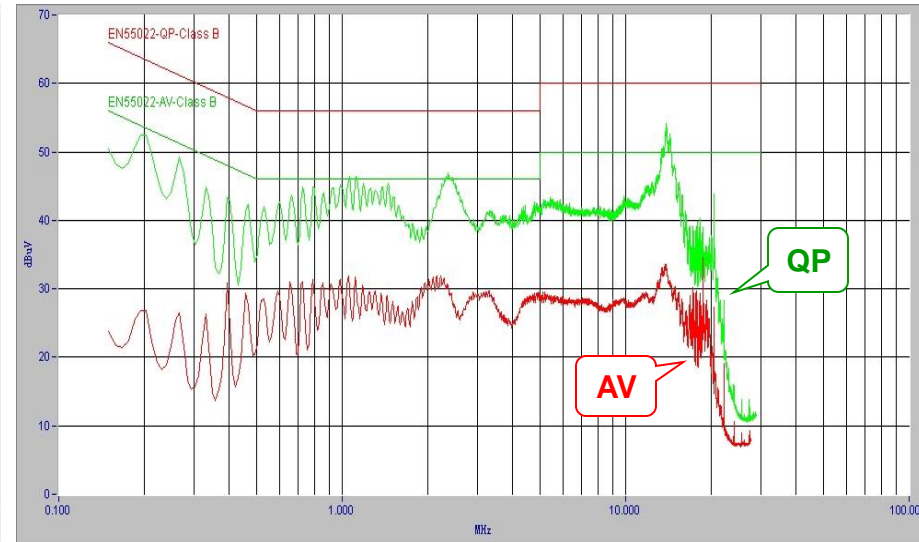
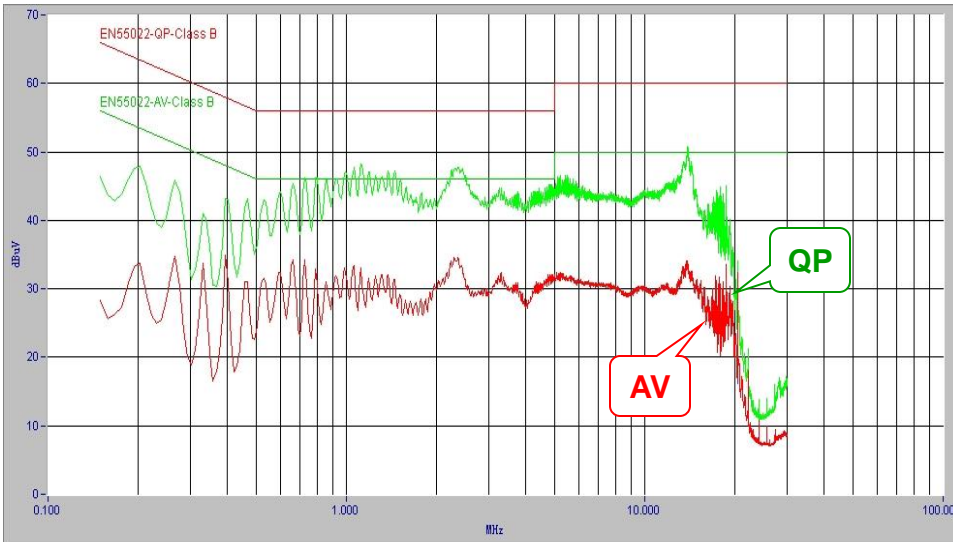


Item	V <sub>IN</sub> =90Vac, I <sub>OUT</sub> =0.6A		V <sub>IN</sub> =264Vac, I <sub>OUT</sub> =0.6A	
	Temp.(°C)	Rising Temp. (°C)	Temp.(°C)	Rising Temp. (°C)
Input Fuse(F1)	54.2	28.5	38.2	13.8
Transformer(T1)	58.6	32.9	58.9	34.5
Power Transistor(Q1, 3DD4612DT)	81.9	56.2	69.8	45.4
Output Schottky Diode(D7,SR260)	68.6	42.9	62.2	37.8
U1(iW1706-00)	65.7	40.0	51.5	27.1
Ambient (Chamber) Temp.	25.7		24.4	

# 15. Conducted EMI

$V_{IN}=230V_{ac}/50Hz$ , Live

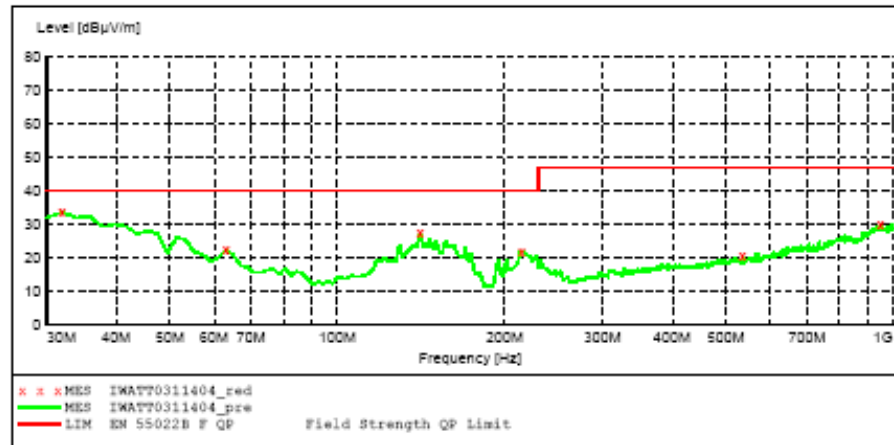
$V_{IN}=230V_{ac}/50Hz$ , Neutral



**Note: Resistive & Full load; output (-) is connected to Earth.**

# 16. Radiated EMI

Vin=230Vac/50Hz, HORIZONTAL

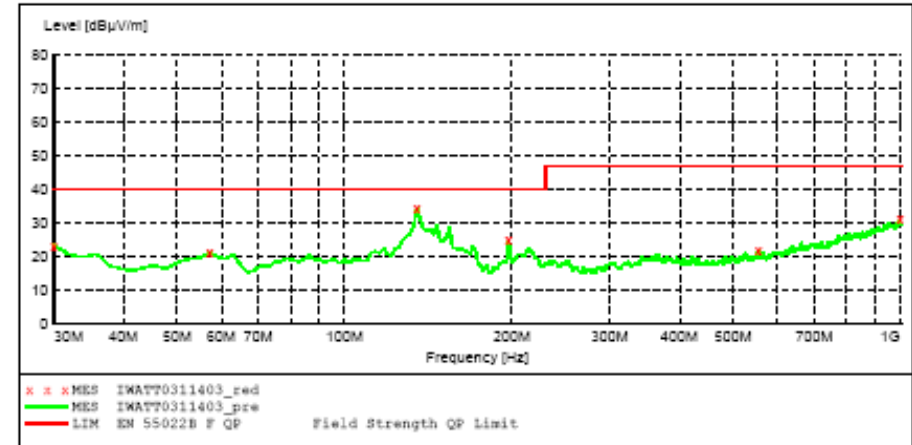


MEASUREMENT RESULT: "IWATT0311404\_red"

3/11/2011 2:02PM

Frequency MHz	Level dBμV/m	Transd dB	Limit dBμV/m	Margin dB	Det.	Height cm	Asimuth deg	Polarisation
31.943888	23.60	-11.2	40.0	6.4	---	100.0	77.00	VERTICAL
63.046092	22.40	-24.9	40.0	17.6	---	100.0	29.00	VERTICAL
140.801603	27.30	-21.3	40.0	12.7	---	100.0	0.00	VERTICAL
214.669339	22.00	-21.0	40.0	18.0	---	100.0	173.00	VERTICAL
535.410622	20.60	-13.9	47.0	26.4	---	100.0	220.00	VERTICAL
947.515030	30.00	-5.2	47.0	17.0	---	100.0	62.00	VERTICAL

Vin=230Vac/50Hz, VERTICAL



MEASUREMENT RESULT: "IWATT0311403\_red"

3/11/2011 2:00PM

Frequency MHz	Level dBμV/m	Transd dB	Limit dBμV/m	Margin dB	Det.	Height cm	Asimuth deg	Polarisation
30.000000	23.40	-10.2	40.0	16.6	---	300.0	97.00	HORIZONTAL
57.214429	21.00	-24.1	40.0	19.0	---	300.0	320.00	HORIZONTAL
134.969940	34.60	-20.4	40.0	5.4	---	300.0	73.00	HORIZONTAL
197.174349	25.00	-21.5	40.0	15.0	---	100.0	156.00	HORIZONTAL
554.849699	22.10	-13.3	47.0	24.9	---	100.0	200.00	HORIZONTAL
998.056112	31.00	-4.9	47.0	16.0	---	300.0	201.00	HORIZONTAL

**Note: Resistive & Full load; output (-) is floating.**

# 17. ESD (IEC 61000-4-2)

## Test condition:

$V_{IN}=230VAC/50Hz$ , No\_Load and Full\_Load (Resistive Load)

Air-Discharged		Result (no-load)	Result (full-load)
15KV	+	PASS	PASS
	-	PASS	PASS
16KV	+	PASS	PASS
	-	PASS	PASS
17KV	+	PASS	PASS
	-	PASS	PASS
18KV	+	PASS	PASS
	-	PASS	PASS
19KV	+	PASS	PASS
	-	PASS	PASS
20KV	+	PASS	PASS
	-	PASS	PASS

