# Cool-Power<sup>®</sup> 48 Volt



RoHS

# 48 V<sub>IN</sub> and 3.3 - 18 V<sub>OUT</sub>, Cool-Power ZVS Isolated DC-DC Converter Modules

## **Product Description**

The Cool-Power ZVS Isolated Converter Module Series consists of high density isolated DC-DC converters implementing Zero Voltage Switching topology.

The 48 Vin Cool-Power series operates over a wide input range of 36 V to 75 V with 3.3 V and 12 V output models and a narrower range of 41 V to 57 V at 18 V output for PoE and other applications. Both model sets produce 60W of output power, yeilding an unprecedented power density of 400 W/in<sup>3</sup>.

Device	Out	IOUT Max	
Device	Set	Range	1001 1100
PI3101-00-HVIZ	3.3 V	2.97 to 3.63 V	18 A
PI3105-00-HVIZ	12 V	9.6 to 13.2 V	5 A
PI3110-01-HVIZ	18 V	16.2 to 19.8 V	3.3 A

These converter modules are surface mountable and only ~.5" square in area achieving ~50% space reduction versus conventional solutions.

A switching frequency of 900 kHz allows for small input and output filter components which further reduces the total size and cost of the overall system solution. The output voltage is sensed and fed back to the internal controller using a proprietary isolated magnetic feedback scheme which allows for high bandwidth and good common mode noise immunity.

The 48 Volt PI31xx series requires no external feedback compensation and offers a total solution with a minimum number of external components. A rich feature set is offered, including output voltage trim capability, output over-voltage protection, adjustable soft-start, over-current protection with auto-restart, over and under input voltage lockout and a temperature monitoring and protection function that provides an analog voltage proportional to the die temperature as shut down and alarm capabilities.

## Features

- Efficiency up to 89%
- High switching frequency minimizes input filter requirements and reduces output capacitance
- Proprietary "Double-Clamped" ZVS Buck-Boost Topology
- Proprietary isolated magnetic feedback
- Small footprint (0.57 in2) enables PCB area savings
- Very low profile (0.265 in)
- On/Off Control, positive logic
- Wide trim range +10/-20%
- Temperature Monitor (TM) & Over-Temperature Protection (OTP)
- Input UVLO & OVLO and output OVP
- Over current protection with auto restart
- Adjustable soft-start
- 2250 V input to output isolation
- Surface Mountable 0.87" x 0.65" x 0.265" package

# **Applications**

- Space Constrained Systems
- Isolated Board Level Power
- Network Power Systems
- Telecommunications
- Distributed Power Architecture
- PoE-Power Over Ethernet
- IPoL Isolated Point of Load Power

# **Package Information**

• Surface Mountable 0.87" x 0.65" x 0.265" package





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# **Order Information**

Cool-Power	VIN	Vout	lout Max	Package	Transport Media
PI3101-00-HVIZ	36 - 75 V	3.3 V	18 A	0.87" x 0.65" x 0.265"	TRAY
PI3105-00-HVIZ	36 - 75 V	12 V	5 A	0.87" x 0.65" x 0.265"	TRAY
PI3110-01-HVIZ	41 - 57 V	18 V	3.3 A	0.87" x 0.65" x 0.265"	TRAY
Also Available					
PI3109-01-HVIZ	18 - 36 V	5 V	10 A	0.87" x 0.65" x 0.265"	TRAY
PI3106-01-HVIZ	18 - 36 V	12 V	4.2 A	0.87" x 0.65" x 0.265"	TRAY
PI3109-00-HVMZ	16 - 50 V	5 V	10 A	0.87" x 0.65" x 0.265"	TRAY
PI3106-00-HVMZ	16 - 50 V	12 V	4.2 A	0.87" x 0.65" x 0.265"	TRAY
PI3111-00-HVMZ	16 - 5 0V	15 V	3.33 A	0.87" x 0.65" x 0.265"	TRAY

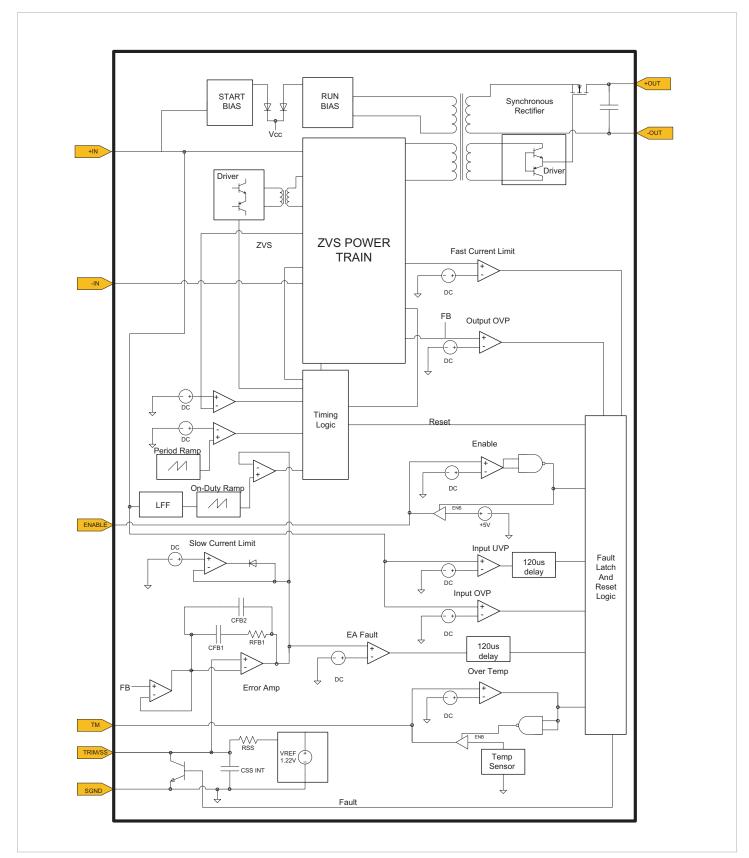


# Absolute Maximum Ratings

Name	Rating	
+IN to -IN Max Operating Voltage	PI3101-00-HVIZ/PI3105-00-HVIZ	PI3110-01-HVIZ
	-1.0 to 75 Vdc (operating)	-1.0 to 57 Vdc (operating)
IN to -IN Max Peak Voltage	PI3101-00-HVIZ/PI3105-00-HVIZ	PI3110-01-HVIZ
HIN to IN MAXICAN Voltage	100 Vdc (non-operating 100ms)	80 Vdc (non-operating 100ms)
ENABLE to -IN	-0.3 to 6.0 Vdc	
TM to –IN	-0.3 to 6.0 Vdc	
TRIM/SS to –IN	-0.3 to 6.0 Vdc	
+OUT to -OUT	See relevant model output section	
Continuous Output Current	See relevant model output section	
Peak Output Current	See relevant model output section	
Operating Junction Temperature	-40 to 125°C	
Storage Temperature	-50 to 125°C	
Case Temperature During Reflow	245°C	



# **Functional Block Diagram**



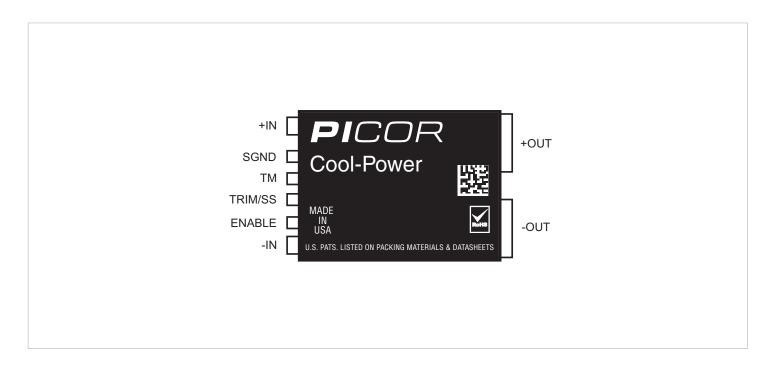
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# **Pin Description**

Pin Name	Description
+IN	Primary side positive input voltage terminals.
-IN	Primary side negative input voltage terminals.
ENABLE	Converter enable option, functions as 5V reference and on/off control pin. Pull low for off.
TRIM/SS	External soft start pin and trim function. Connect to SGND or ENABLE through resistor for trim up or trim down.
TM	Temperature measurement output pin.
SGND	Signal ground, primary side referenced.
+OUT	Isolated secondary DC output voltage positive terminals.
-OUT	Isolated secondary DC output voltage negative terminals.

# Package Pin-Out





Unless otherwise specified: 36 V <  $V_{IN}$  < 75 V, 0 A <  $I_{OUT}$  < 18 A, -40°C  $\,$  <  $T_{CASE}$  < 100°C  $^{(1)}$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
		Input Specifications				
Input Voltage Range	V <sub>IN</sub>		36	48	75	Vdc
Input dv/dt (1)	VINDVDT	V <sub>IN</sub> = 75 V			1.0	V/µs
Input Under-Voltage Turn-on	V <sub>UVON</sub>	$I_{O} = 1.8 \text{ A}$	32.5	34.0	35.0	Vdc
Input Under-Voltage Turn-off	VUVOFF	I <sub>0</sub> = 1.8 A	30.5	32.0	33.0	Vdc
Input Under-Voltage Hysteresis	VUVH	I <sub>0</sub> = 1.8 A		2		Vdc
Input Over-Voltage Turn-on	V <sub>OVON</sub>	I <sub>0</sub> = 1.8 A	75.7	78	81.0	Vdc
Input Over-Voltage Turn-off	VOVOFF	I <sub>0</sub> = 1.8 A	77.7	80.0	82.3	Vdc
Input Over-Voltage Hysteresis	Vove	I <sub>0</sub> = 1.8 A		1.6		Vdc
Input Quiescent Current	lo	$V_{IN} = 48 \text{ V}, \text{ ENABLE} = 0 \text{ V}$		2.5		mAdc
Input Idling Power	PIDLE	$V_{IN} = 48 \text{ V}, I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ A}$		4		W
Input Standby Power	P <sub>SBY</sub>	$V_{IN} = 48 \text{ V}, \text{ ENABLE} = 0 \text{ V}$		0.120		W
Input Current Full Load	l <sub>IN</sub>	$T_{CASE} = 100^{\circ}C I_{OUT} = 18 \text{ A } \eta_{FL} = 86.5\% \text{ typical } V_{IN} = 48 \text{ V}$		1.43		Adc
	-111	$L_{IN} = 2 \ \mu H \ C_{IN} = 47 \ \mu F \ 100 \ V \ electrolytic$				,
Input Reflected Ripple Current	I <sub>INRR</sub>	$+ 2 \times 1 \mu F 100 V X7R$ ceramic		10		mApp
Recommended Ext Input		$C_{IN} = 47 \ \mu\text{F} \ 100 \ \text{V}$ v electrolytic + 2 x 1 $\mu\text{F} \ 100 \ \text{V}$ X7R ceramic				
Capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>	$C_{IN} = C_{IN} + C_{IN}$ C clear of y clear of y and y and y and y clear of y and y		49		μF
		Output Specifications				
Output Voltage Set Point	Vout	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 9 A		3.3		Vdc
		$0^{\circ}C < T_{CASE} < 100^{\circ}C$	-3		+3	%
Total Output Accuracy	V <sub>OA</sub>	$-40^{\circ}C < T_{CASE} < 0^{\circ}C$	-4		+3	%
Output Voltage Trim Range	V <sub>OADJ</sub>		-10%		10%	%
Output Current Range	I <sub>OUT</sub>				18	Adc
Over Current Protection	I <sub>OCP</sub>		18.8	26	34	Adc
Efficiency – Full Load	$\eta_{\text{FL}}$	T <sub>CASE</sub> = 100°C, V <sub>IN</sub> = 48 V	84.5	86.5		%
Efficiency – Half Load	$\eta_{\text{HL}}$	T <sub>CASE</sub> = 100°C, V <sub>IN</sub> = 48 V		84.5		%
Output OVP Set Point	V <sub>OVP</sub>		3.9	4.1	4.3	Vdc
Output Ripple Voltage	V <sub>ORPP</sub>	C <sub>OUT</sub> = 12 x 10 μF 10 V X7R DC-20 MHz		75		mVpp
Switching Frequency	f <sub>sw</sub>			900		kHz
Output Turn-on Delay Time	tondly	$V_{IN} = V_{UVON}$ to ENABLE = 5 V		80		ms
Output Turn-off Delay Time	t <sub>OFFDLY</sub>	$V_{IN} = V_{UVOFF}$ to ENABLE < 1.8 V		10		μs
Soft-Start Ramp Time	t <sub>ss</sub>	ENABLE = 5 V to 90% $V_{OUT} C_{REF} = 0$		230		μs
Maximum Load Capacitance	Cout	$C_{REF} = 1 \ \mu F, C_{OUT} = AI Electrolytic$			10000	μF
		$I_{OUT} = 25\%$ step 0.1 A/µS				
Load Transient Deviation	V <sub>ODV</sub>	$C_{OUT} = 12 \times 10 \ \mu F \ 10 \ V \ X7R$		75		mV
		$I_{OUT} = 25\%$ step 0.1 A/µS				
Load Transient Recovery Time	t <sub>ovr</sub>	$C_{OUT} = 12 \times 10 \ \mu\text{F} \ 10 \ \text{V} \ \text{X7R}$		120		μs
,	0111	V <sub>OUT</sub> - 1%				
Maximum Output Power	Pout			60		W
Nama		Absolute Maximum Output Ratings				
Name		Rating				
+OUT to -OUT		-0.5 V to 4.5 Vdc				
Continuous Output Current		18 Adc				
Peak Output Current		34 Adc				

[1] These parameters are not production tested but are guaranteed by design, characterization and correlation with statistical process control. Unless otherwise specified, ATE tests are completed at room temperature.



Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
		ENABLE				
DC Voltage Reference Output	V <sub>ERO</sub>		4.65	4.9	5.15	Vdc
Output Current Limit <sup>(2)</sup>	I <sub>ECL</sub>	ENABLE = 3.3 V	-3.3	-2.6	-1.9	mAdc
Start Up Current Limit <sup>(2)</sup>	I <sub>ESL</sub>	ENABLE = 1 V	-120	-90	-60	μΑ
Module Enable Voltage	V <sub>EME</sub>		1.95	2.5	3.05	Vdc
Module Disable Voltage	V <sub>EMD</sub>		1.8	2.35	2.9	Vdc
Disable Hysteresis	V <sub>EDH</sub>			150		mV
Enable Delay Time	t <sub>EE</sub>			10		μs
Disable Delay Time	t <sub>ED</sub>			10		μs
Maximum Capacitance	C <sub>EC</sub>				1500	pF
Maximum External Toggle Rate	$f_{\text{EXT}}$				1	Hz
		TRIM/SS				
Trim Voltage Reference	V <sub>REF</sub>	TRIW/35		1.22		Vdc
Internal Capacitance	C <sub>REFI</sub>			10		nF
External Capacitance	C <sub>REF</sub>				1	μF
Internal Resistance	R <sub>REFI</sub>			10		kohms
T	<b>T</b> N 4	TM (Temperature Monitor)		10		
Temperature Coefficient <sup>[1]</sup>	TM <sub>TC</sub>			10		mV/°K
Temperature Full Range Accuracy <sup>[1]</sup>	TM <sub>ACC</sub>		-5		5	°K
Drive Capability	I <sub>TM</sub>		-100	2.00		μΑ
TM Output Setting	$V_{\text{TM}}$	Ambient Temperature = 300°K		3.00		V
		Thermal Specification				
Junction Temperature Shutdown <sup>[1]</sup>	T <sub>MAX</sub>		130	135	140	°C
Junction-to-Case Thermal Impedance	$R\Theta_{J-C}$			3		°C/W
Case-to-Ambient Thermal Impedance	$R\Theta_{C\text{-}A}$	Mounted on 9 in <sup>2</sup> 1oz. Cu 6 layer PCB 25°C		8.65		°C/W
		Regulatory Specification				
IEC 60950-1:2005 (2nd Edition),		regulatory specification				
EN 60950-1:2006						-
IEC 61000-4-2						-
UL 60950-1:2007						
CAN/CSA C22.2 NO. 60950-1-07						
Recommended Input Fuse Rating	I <sub>FUSE</sub>	Fast acting LITTLEFUSE Nano <sup>2</sup> Series Fuse	4		10	Α

[1] These parameters are not production tested but are guaranteed by design, characterization and correlation with statistical process control. Unless otherwise specified, ATE tests are completed at room temperature.



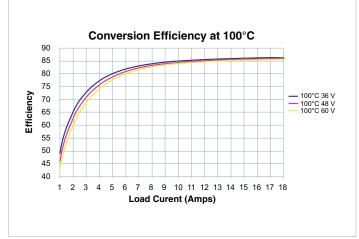


Figure 1 — Conversion Efficiency

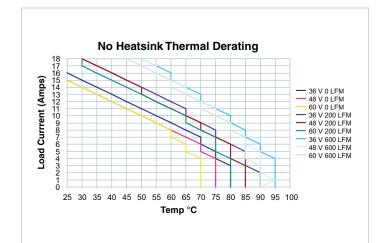


Figure 2 — Load Currrent vs Temperature (without Heat Sink)

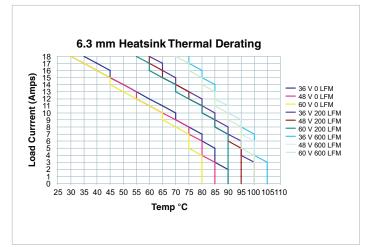


Figure 3 — Load Currrent vs Temperature (6.3mm Heat Sink)

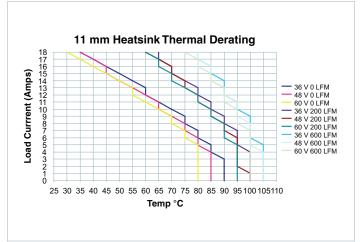


Figure 4 — Load Currrent vs Ambient Temperature (11mm Heat Sink)

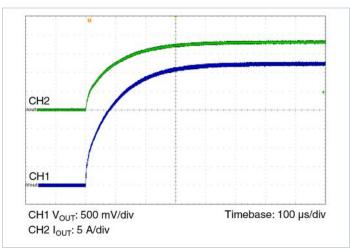
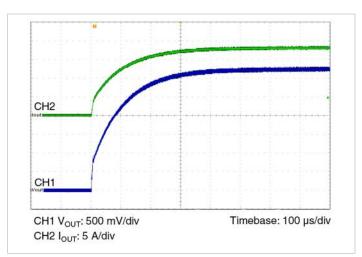


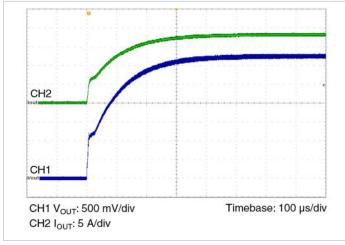
Figure 5 — Start Up  $C_{REF} = 0$ ( $V_{IN} = 36 V$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 18 A$ , CR,  $C_{OUT} = 12 X 10 \mu F X7R$  Ceramic)



**Figure 6** — Start Up  $C_{REF} = 0$ 

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(V_{IN} = 48 V, I_{OUT} = 18 A, CR, C_{OUT} = 12 X 10 \mu F X7R Ceramic)
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**Figure 7** — Start Up  $C_{REF} = 0$ 

 $(V_{IN} = 75 V, I_{OUT} = 18 A, CR, C_{OUT} = 12 X 10 \mu F X7R Ceramic)$ 

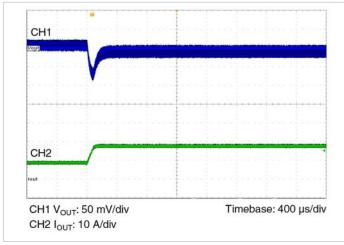


Figure 8 — Transient Response ( $V_{IN}$  = 48 V,  $I_{OUT}$  = 9 - 18 A, 0.1 A/µs,  $C_{OUT}$  = 12 X 10 µF X7R Ceramic)

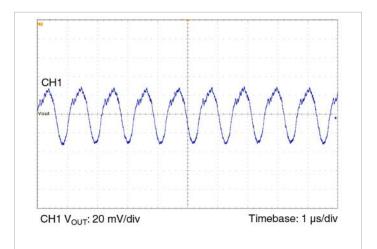


Figure 9 — Output Ripple

 $(V_{IN} = 48 V, I_{OUT} = 18 A, CR, C_{OUT} = 12 X 10 \mu F X7R$  Ceramic)





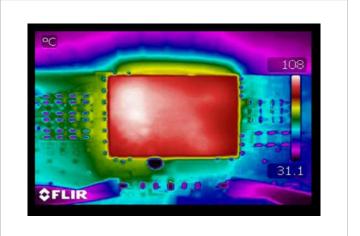


Figure 10 — Thermal Image  $(V_{IN} = 48 \text{ V}, I_{OUT} = 18 \text{ A}, \text{ CR}, \text{ 0 LFM Evaluation PCB})$ 

Unless otherwise specified: 36 V <  $V_{IN}$  < 75 V, 0 A <  $I_{OUT}$  < 5 A, -40°C  $\,$  <  $T_{CASE}$  < 100°C  $^{(1)}$ 

			Тур	Max	Unit
	Input Specifications				
VIN	input specifications	36	48	75	Vdc
	V <sub>IN</sub> = 75 V			1.0	V/µs
		32.5	34.0		Vdc
					Vdc
					Vdc
		75.7		81.0	Vdc
					Vdc
			2		Vdc
					mAdo
					W
			0.120		W
			1.412		Adc
I <sub>INRR</sub>			10		mApp
	,				
CIN			49		μF
			1	1	1
	Output Specifications				
V <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 2.5 A		12.0		Vdc
Ver	$0^{\circ}C < T_{CASE} < 100^{\circ}C$	-3		+3	%
VOA	$-40^{\circ}\text{C} < T_{CASE} < 0^{\circ}\text{C}$	-4		+3	%
V <sub>OADJ</sub>		-20%		10%	%
I <sub>OUT</sub>				5	Adc
I <sub>OCP</sub>		5.5	7.9	10	Adc
$\eta_{\text{FL}}$	$T_{CASE} = 100^{\circ}C, V_{IN} = 48 V$	86.5	88.5		%
$\eta_{\text{HL}}$	$T_{CASE} = 100^{\circ}C, V_{IN} = 48 V$	84.0	86.0		%
V <sub>OVP</sub>		13.8	14.5	15.3	Vdc
V <sub>ORPP</sub>	C <sub>OUT</sub> = 6 x 4.7 µF 16 V X7R DC-20 MHz		175		mVpp
f <sub>sw</sub>			900		kHz
tondly	$V_{IN} = V_{UVON}$ to ENABLE = 5 V		80		ms
t <sub>OFFDLY</sub>	$V_{IN} = V_{UVOFF}$ to ENABLE < 1.8 V		10		μs
t <sub>ss</sub>	ENABLE = 5 V to 90% $V_{OUT} C_{REF} = 0$		230		μs
C <sub>OUT</sub>	$C_{REF} = 0.22 \ \mu$ F, $C_{OUT} = AI$ Electrolytic			1200	μF
Very	$I_{OUT} = 50\%$ step 0.1 A/µS		220		mV
VODV	C <sub>OUT</sub> = 6 x 4.7 μF 16 V X7R		220		IIIV
	$I_{OUT} = 50\%$ step 0.1 A/µS				
t <sub>ovr</sub>	C <sub>OUT</sub> = 6 x 4.7 μF 16 V X7R		120		μs
	V <sub>OUT</sub> - 1%				
Pout			60		W
	Abeelute Meximum Output Defines				
	10 Adc				
	VOA       VOADJ       IOUT       IOCP       NFL       NHL       VOVP       VORPP       fsw       tondly       toffdly       tost       COUT       VOR       Londly       toreduct       Tondly       toffdly       tost       COUT       tovr	VINDUCT         VIN $= 75 V$ VUVON         Io $= 5 A$ VUVORF         Io $= 5 A$ VUVH         Io $= 5 A$ VOVOR         Io $= 5 A$ VOVORF         Io $= 5 A$ VOVORF         Io $= 5 A$ VOVH         Io $= 5 A$ VOVH         Io $= 5 A$ VOV         Faster A V         ENABLE = 0 V           Pine         Tcase = 100°C Iour = 5 A npt = 88.5% typical V_N = 48 V           LN= 2 µH C_N = 47 µF 100 V electrolytic $2 \times 1 µF 100 V X7R ceramic           CN         Cour = 2.5 A         0°C            Vout         Iour = 2.5 A         0°C            Vout         Iour = 2.5 A         0°C  $	$V_{N}$ 36 $V_{NOVDT}$ $V_N = 75 V$ $V_{UVON}$ $I_0 = 5 A$ 32.5 $V_{UVONF}$ $I_0 = 5 A$ 30.5 $V_{VVONF}$ $I_0 = 5 A$ 75.7 $V_{OVONF}$ $I_0 = 5 A$ 77.7 $V_{OVH}$ $I_0 = 5 A$ 77.7 $V_{N} = 48 V$ , ENABLE = 0 V         10         10.7 $I_{N} = 2 \mu H C_{N} = 47 \mu F 100 V electrolytic         2.2 N L_{N} = 2 \mu H C_{N} = 47 \mu F 100 V electrolytic           L_N = 2 \mu H C_N = 47 \mu F 100 V electrolytic + 2 x 1 \mu F 100 V X7R ceramic         2.1 + 2 x 1 \mu F 100 V X7R ceramic           C_{IN} = Cbulk + Chf $	$V_N$ 36         48 $V_{0VOOT}$ $V_N = 75 \vee$	$V_{N}$ 36         48         75 $V_{NVOT}$ $V_{N} = 75 V$ 1.0 $V_{NVOR}$ $I_0 = 5A$ 32.5         34.0         35.0 $V_{UVH}$ $I_0 = 5A$ 30.5         31.5         33 $V_{UVH}$ $I_0 = 5A$ 7.7         78         81.0 $V_{OVOR}$ $I_0 = 5A$ 7.7.7         80         82.3 $V_{OVH}$ $I_0 = 5A$ 7.7.7         80         82.3 $V_{OVH}$ $I_0 = 5A$ 7.7.7         80         82.5 $V_{OVH}$ $I_0 = 5A$ 7.7.7         80         82.5 $V_{OVH}$ $I_0 = 5A$ 7.7.7         80         82.5 $P_{DUE}$ $V_N = 48$ , V. ENABLE = 0 V         2.5         1.412         1.412 $I_{NR}$ $I_{N} = 47$ µF 100 V electrolytic         1.411         1.412         1.412 $I_{NR} = 2 \mu H (I_N = 47 µF 100 V electrolytic         1.412         4.9         1.412           I_{NR} = 2 \mu H (I_N = 47 µF 100 V electrolytic + 2 x 1 µF 100 V X7R ceramic         1.0         1.412           V_{OUT} = C.5.A         1.410         1.412      $

[1] These parameters are not production tested but are guaranteed by design, characterization and correlation with statistical process control. Unless otherwise specified, ATE tests are completed at room temperature.

<sup>[2]</sup> Current flow sourced by a pin has a negative sign.

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Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
		ENABLE				
DC Voltage Reference Output	V <sub>ERO</sub>		4.65	4.9	5.15	Vdc
Output Current Limit <sup>(2)</sup>	I <sub>ECL</sub>	ENABLE = 3.3 V	-3.3	-2.6	-1.9	mAdc
Start Up Current Limit <sup>(2)</sup>	IFSI	ENABLE = 1 V	-120	-90	-60	μΑ
Module Enable Voltage	V <sub>EME</sub>		1.95	2.5	3.05	Vdc
Module Disable Voltage	VEMD		1.8	2.35	2.9	Vdc
Disable Hysteresis	VEDH			150	2.0	mV
Enable Delay Time	t <sub>EE</sub>			10		μs
Disable Delay Time	t <sub>ED</sub>			10		μs
Maximum Capacitance	CEC				1500	pF
Maximum External Toggle Rate	f <sub>EXT</sub>				1	Hz
			I			
		TRIM/SS				
Trim Voltage Reference	V <sub>REF</sub>			1.235		Vdc
Internal Capacitance	C <sub>REFI</sub>			10		nF
External Capacitance	C <sub>REF</sub>				0.22	μF
Internal Resistance	R <sub>REFI</sub>			10		kohms
		TM (Temperature Monitor)				
Temperature Coefficient <sup>[1]</sup>	TM <sub>TC</sub>			10		mV/°K
Temperature Full Range Accuracy <sup>[1]</sup>	TM <sub>ACC</sub>		-5		5	°K
Drive Capability	I <sub>TM</sub>		-100			μΑ
TM Output Setting	$V_{TM}$	Ambient Temperature = 300°K		3.00		V
		Thermal Specification				1
Junction Temperature Shutdown <sup>[1]</sup>	T <sub>MAX</sub>		130	135	140	°C
Junction-to-Case Thermal Impedance	$R\Theta_{J-C}$			3		°C/W
Case-to-Ambient Thermal Impedance	$R\Theta_{C\text{-}A}$	Mounted on 9 in <sup>2</sup> 1oz. Cu 6 layer PCB 25°C		7.65		°C/W
		Regulatory Specification				
IEC 60950-1:2005 (2nd Edition),						
EN 60950-1:2006						
IEC 61000-4-2						
UL 60950-1:2007						
CAN/CSA C22.2 NO. 60950-1-07						-
Recommended Input Fuse Rating	I <sub>FUSE</sub>	Fast acting LITTLEFUSE Nano <sup>2</sup> Series Fuse	4		10	A

[1] These parameters are not production tested but are guaranteed by design, characterization and correlation with statistical process control. Unless otherwise specified, ATE tests are completed at room temperature.



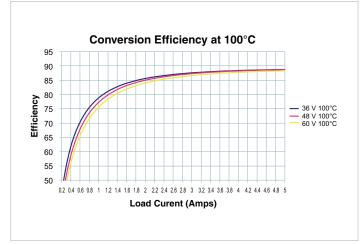


Figure 11 — Conversion Efficiency

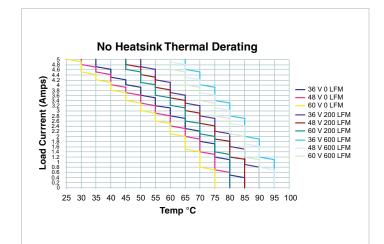


Figure 12 — Load Currrent vs Temperature (without Heat Sink)

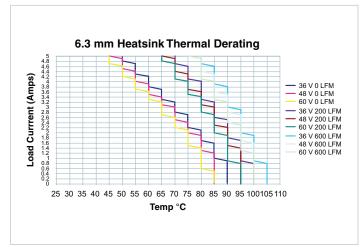


Figure 13 — Load Currrent vs Temperature (6.3mm Heat Sink)

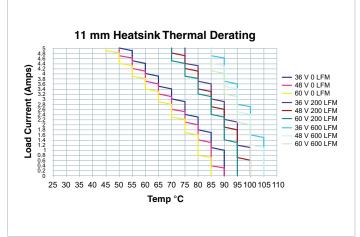


Figure 14 — Load Currrent vs Ambient Temperature (11mm Heat Sink)

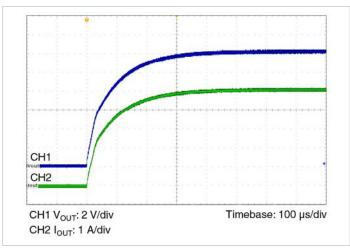
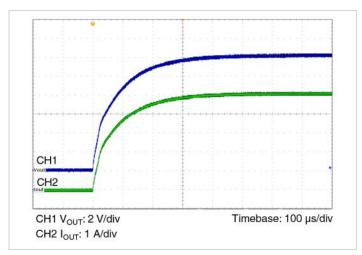


Figure 15 — Start Up  $C_{REF} = 0$ ( $V_{IN} = 36 V$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 5 A$ , CR,  $C_{OUT} = 6 X 4.7 \mu F X7R$  Ceramic)







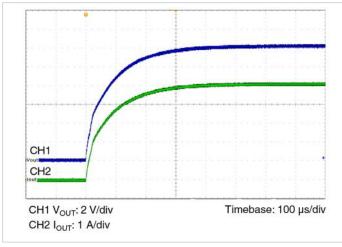
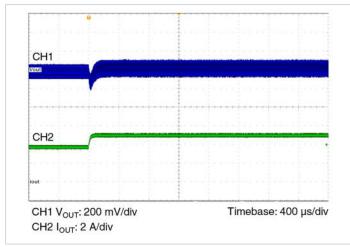
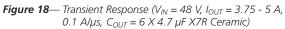


Figure 17 — Start Up  $C_{REF} = 0$ ( $V_{IN} = 75 V$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 5 A$ , CR,  $C_{OUT} = 6 X 4.7 \mu F X7R$  Ceramic)





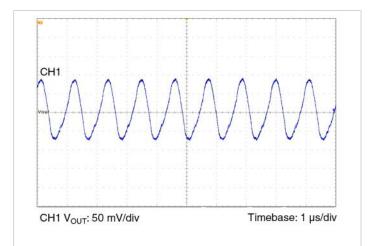


Figure 19 — Output Ripple

 $(V_{IN} = 48 V, I_{OUT} = 5 A, CR, C_{OUT} = 6 X 4.7 \mu F X7R Ceramic)$ 





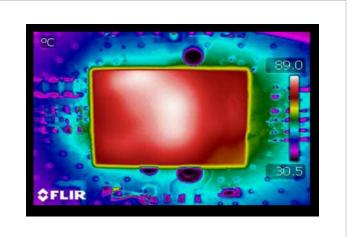


Figure 20 — Thermal Image  $(V_{IN} = 48 V, I_{OUT} = 5 A, CR, 0 LFM Evaluation PCB)$ 

Unless otherwise specified: 41 V <  $V_{IN}$  < 57 V, 0 A <  $I_{OUT}$  < 3.3 A, -0°C  $\,$  <  $T_{CASE}$  < 100°C $^{(1)}$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
		Input Specifications				
Input Voltage Range	V <sub>IN</sub>		41	52	57	Vdc
Input dv/dt (1)	VINDVDT	V <sub>IN</sub> = 57 V			1.0	V/µs
Input Under-Voltage Turn-on	V <sub>UVON</sub>	I <sub>0</sub> = 3.3 A	37.1	38.6	40.2	Vdc
Input Under-Voltage Turn-off	V <sub>UVOFF</sub>	I <sub>0</sub> = 3.3 A	34.5	36.2	38	Vdc
Input Under-Voltage Hysteresis	V <sub>UVH</sub>	$I_0 = 3.3 \text{ A}$		2.4		Vdc
Input Over-Voltage Turn-on	V <sub>OVON</sub>	I <sub>0</sub> = 3.3 A	57.5	60	62.5	Vdc
Input Over-Voltage Turn-off	V <sub>OVOFF</sub>	I <sub>0</sub> = 3.3 A	59	61.3	63.5	Vdc
Input Over-Voltage Hysteresis	V <sub>OVH</sub>	I <sub>0</sub> = 3.3 A		1.3		Vdc
Input Quiescent Current	I <sub>Q</sub>	$V_{IN} = 52 \text{ V}, \text{ ENABLE} = 0 \text{ V}$		2.5		mAdc
Input Idling Power	PIDLE	V <sub>IN</sub> = 52 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 A		3.3		W
Input Standby Power	P <sub>SBY</sub>	$V_{IN} = 52 \text{ V}, \text{ ENABLE} = 0 \text{ V}$		0.130		W
Input Current Full Load	I <sub>IN</sub>	$T_{CASE} = 100^{\circ}C$ $I_{OUT} = 3.3 \text{ A} \eta_{FL} = 89\%$ typical $V_{IN} = 52 \text{ V}$		1.28		Adc
land the Definition of Diamin Community		$L_{IN} = 2 \ \mu H \ C_{IN} = 47 \ \mu F \ 100 \ V \ electrolytic$		20		
Input Reflected Ripple Current	INRR	+ 2 x 1 μF 100 V X7R ceramic		20		mApp
Recommended Ext Input	C <sub>IN</sub>	$C_{IN} = 47 \ \mu\text{F} \ 100 \ \text{V} \ \text{electrolytic} + 2 \ \text{x} \ 1 \ \mu\text{F} \ 100 \ \text{V} \ \text{X7R} \ \text{ceramic}$		40		_
Capacitance	CIN	$C_{IN} = Cbulk + Chf$		49		μF
		Output Specifications				
Output Voltage Set Point	V <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1.65 A		18		Vdc
Total Output Accuracy	V <sub>OA</sub>	$-0^{\circ}C < T_{CASE} < 100^{\circ}C$	-3		+3	%
Output Voltage Trim Range	V <sub>OADJ</sub>		-10%		10%	%
Output Current Range	I <sub>OUT</sub>				3.3	Adc
Over Current Protection	I <sub>OCP</sub>		3.8	5.8	9	Adc
Efficiency – Full Load	$\eta_{\text{FL}}$	$T_{CASE} = 100^{\circ}C, V_{IN} = 52 V$	87.0	89.0		%
Efficiency – Half Load	$\eta_{\text{HL}}$	$T_{CASE} = 100^{\circ}C, V_{IN} = 52 V$	84.0	86.0		%
Output OVP Set Point	V <sub>OVP</sub>		21.7	22.5	23.3	Vdc
Output Ripple Voltage	V <sub>ORPP</sub>	C <sub>OUT</sub> = 6 x 2.2 μF 25 V X7R DC-20 MHz		275		mVpp
Switching Frequency	f <sub>SW</sub>			900		kHz
Output Turn-on Delay Time	t <sub>ONDLY</sub>	$V_{IN} = V_{UVON}$ to ENABLE = 5 V		80		ms
Output Turn-off Delay Time	t <sub>OFFDLY</sub>	$V_{IN} = V_{UVOFF}$ to ENABLE < 1.8 V		10		μs
Soft-Start Ramp Time	t <sub>ss</sub>	ENABLE = 5 V to 90% $V_{OUT} C_{REF} = 0$		230		μs
Maximum Load Capacitance	C <sub>OUT</sub>	$C_{REF} = 0.68 \mu$ F, $C_{OUT} = AI$ Electrolytic			220	μF
Load Transient Deviation	V <sub>ODV</sub>	$I_{OUT} = 50\%$ step 0.1 A/µS		360		mV
	*000	C <sub>OUT</sub> = 6 x 2.2 μF 25 V X7R		500		
		$I_{OUT} = 50\%$ step 0.1 A/µS				
Load Transient Recovery Time	t <sub>ovr</sub>	C <sub>OUT</sub> = 6 x 2.2 μF 25 V X7R		100		μs
		V <sub>OUT</sub> - 1%				
Maximum Output Power	P <sub>OUT</sub>			60		W
		Absolute Maximum Output Ratings				
Name		Rating				
+OUT to -OUT		-0.5 V to 24.5 Vdc				
Continuous Output Current		4.2 Adc				
Peak Output Current		12 Adc				

[1] These parameters are not production tested but are guaranteed by design, characterization and correlation with statistical process control. Unless otherwise specified, ATE tests are completed at room temperature.



Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
		ENABLE				
DC Voltage Reference Output	V <sub>ERO</sub>		4.65	4.9	5.15	Vdc
Output Current Limit <sup>(2)</sup>	IFCI	ENABLE = 3.3 V	-3.3	-2.6	-1.9	mAdc
Start Up Current Limit <sup>(2)</sup>	I <sub>ESL</sub>	ENABLE = 1 V	-120	-90	-60	μA
Module Enable Voltage	V <sub>EME</sub>		1.95	2.5	3.05	Vdc
Module Disable Voltage	V <sub>EMD</sub>		1.8	2.35	2.9	Vdc
Disable Hysteresis	V <sub>EDH</sub>			150		mV
Enable Delay Time	t <sub>EE</sub>			10		μs
Disable Delay Time	t <sub>ED</sub>			10		μs
Maximum Capacitance	C <sub>EC</sub>				1500	pF
Maximum External Toggle Rate	f <sub>EXT</sub>				1	Hz
		TRIM/SS				
Trim Voltage Reference	V <sub>REF</sub>			1.23		Vdc
Internal Capacitance	C <sub>REFI</sub>			10		nF
External Capacitance	CREF				0.68	μF
Internal Resistance	R <sub>REFI</sub>			10		kohms
		TM (Temperature Monitor)				
Temperature Coefficient <sup>[1]</sup>	TM <sub>TC</sub>			10		mV/°K
Temperature Full Range Accuracy <sup>[1]</sup>	TMACC		-5		5	°K
Drive Capability	ITM		-100			μΑ
TM Output Setting	V <sub>TM</sub>	Ambient Temperature = 300°K		3.00		V
			1	1		1
		Thermal Specification				
Junction Temperature Shutdown <sup>[1]</sup>	T <sub>MAX</sub>		130	135	140	°C
Junction-to-Case Thermal Impedance	$R\Theta_{J-C}$			3		°C/W
Case-to-Ambient Thermal Impedance	$R\Theta_{C\text{-}A}$	Mounted on 9 in <sup>2</sup> 1oz. Cu 6 layer PCB 25°C		10.6		°C/W
IEC 60950-1:2005 (2nd Edition),		Regulatory Specification				
EN 60950-1:2006						
IEC 61000-4-2						
UL 60950-1:2007						
CAN/CSA C22.2 NO. 60950-1-07						
Recommended Input Fuse Rating	1	Fast acting LITTLEFUSE Nano <sup>2</sup> Series Fuse	4		10	A
Recommended input Fuse Rating	I <sub>FUSE</sub>	rast acting LITTLEFUSE INdNO <sup>2</sup> Series Fuse	4		10	A

[1] These parameters are not production tested but are guaranteed by design, characterization and correlation with statistical process control. Unless otherwise specified, ATE tests are completed at room temperature.



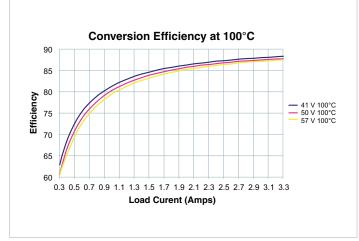


Figure 21 — Conversion Efficiency

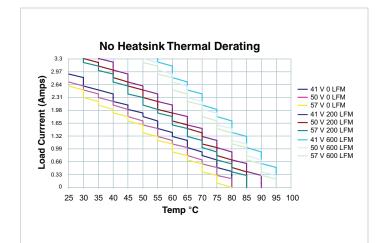


Figure 22 — Load Currrent vs Temperature (without Heat Sink)

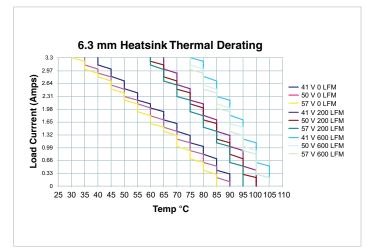


Figure 23 — Load Currrent vs Temperature (6.3mm Heat Sink)

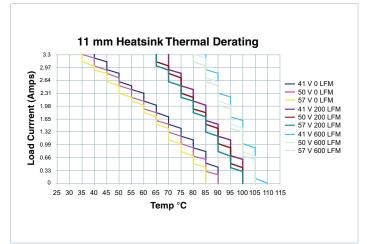


Figure 24 — Load Currrent vs Ambient Temperature (11mm Heat Sink)

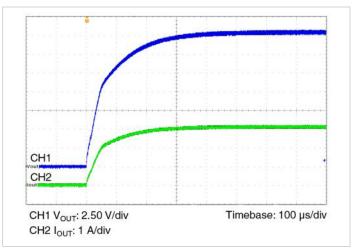
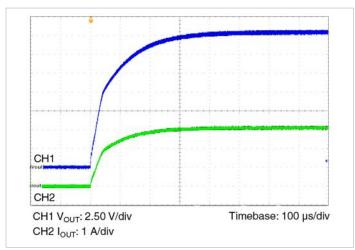
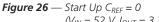


Figure 25 — Start Up  $C_{REF} = 0$ ( $V_{IN} = 41 V$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 3.3 A$ , CR,  $C_{OUT} = 6 X 2.2 \mu$ F X7R Ceramic)







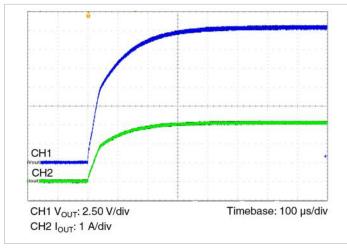
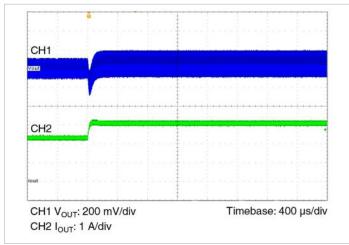


Figure 27 — Start Up  $C_{REF} = 0$ ( $V_{IN} = 52 V$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 3.3 A$ , CR,  $C_{OUT} = 6 X 2.2 \mu F X7R$  Ceramic)



**Figure 28**— Transient Response ( $V_{IN} = 52$  V,  $I_{OUT} = 2.475 - 3.3$  A, 0.1 A/µs,  $C_{OUT} = 6 \times 2.2$  µF X7R Ceramic)

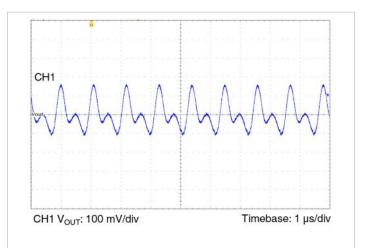


Figure 29 — Output Ripple

( $V_{IN} = 52$  V,  $I_{OUT} = 3.3$  A, CR,  $C_{OUT} = 6 \times 2.2 \ \mu\text{F} \times 7R$  Ceramic)

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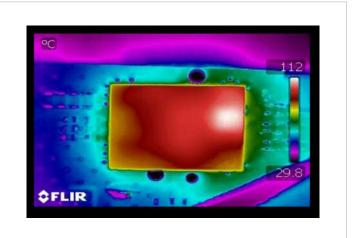


Figure 30 — Thermal Image ( $V_{IN} = 52 V$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 3.3 A$ , CR, 0 LFM Evaluation PCB)

# **Functional Description**

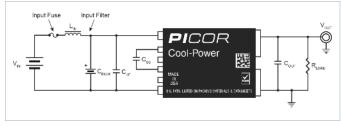


Figure 31 — Picor 48 Volt PI31xx Shown With System Fuse, Filter, Decoupling And Extended Soft Start

#### Input Power Pins IN(+) and IN(-)

The input power pins on the 48 Volt PI31xx are connected to the input power source which can range from 36 V to 75 V DC. (PI3110-01-HVIZ 41 V TO 57 V) Under surge conditions, the 48 Volt PI31xx can withstand up to 100 V DC. (PI3110-01-HVIZ 80 V) for 100 ms without incurring damage. The user should take care to avoid driving the input rails above the specified ratings. Since the 48 Volt PI31xx is designed with high reliability in mind, the input pins are continuously monitored. If the applied voltage exceeds the input over-voltage trip point the conversion process shall be terminated immediately. The converter initiates soft-start automatically within 80ms after the input voltage is reduced back to the appropriate value. The input pins do not have reverse polarity protection. If the 48 Volt PI31xx is operated in an environment where reverse polarity is a concern, the user should consider using a polarity protection device such as a suitably rated diode. To avoid the high losses of using a diode, the user should consider the much higher efficiency Picor family of intelligent Cool-ORing® solutions that can be used in reverse polarity applications. Information is available at picorpower.com.

The 48 Volt P131xx will draw nearly zero current until the input voltage reaches the internal start up threshold. If the ENABLE pin is not pulled low by external circuitry, the output voltage will begin rising to its final output value about 80ms after the input UV lockout releases. This will occur automatically even if the ENABLE pin is floating.

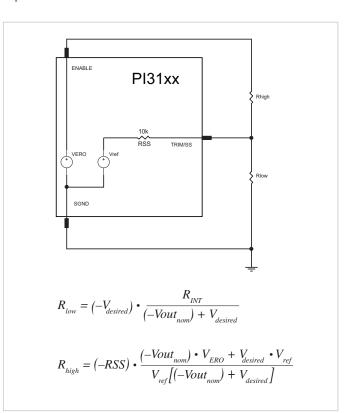
To help keep the source impedance low, the input to the 48 Volt PI31xx should be bypassed with (2) 1.0 uF 100 V ceramic capacitors of X7R dielectric in parallel with a low Q 47 uF 100 V electrolytic capacitor. To reduce EMI and reflected ripple current, a series inductor of 0.2 to 0.47 uH can be added. The input traces to the module should be low impedance configured in such a manner as to keep stray inductance minimized.

#### ENABLE

The ENABLE pin serves as a multi-function pin for the 48 Volt PI31xx. During normal operation, it outputs the on-board 4.9 V regulator which can be used for trimming the module up. The ENABLE pin can also be used as a remote enable pin either from the secondary via an optocoupler and some external isolated bias supply or from the primary side through a small signal transistor, FET or any device that sinks 3.3 mA, minimum. If the ENABLE pin is lower than 2.35 V typical, the converter will be held off or shut down if already operating. A third feature is offered in that during a fault condition such as output OVP, input UV or OV, or output current limit, the ENABLE pin is pulled low internally. This can be used as a signal to the user that a fault has occurred. Whenever the ENABLE pin is pulled low, the TRIM/SS pin follows, resetting the internal and external soft-start circuitry. All faults will pull ENABLE low including over temperature. If increased turn on delay is desired, the ENABLE pin can be bypassed with a small capacitor up to a maximum of 1500 pF.

#### TRIM/SS Pin

The TRIM/SS pin serves as another multi-purpose pin. First, it is used as the reference for the internal error amplifier. Connecting a resistor from TRIM/SS to SGND allows the reference to be margined down by as much as -20%. Connecting a resistor from TRIM/SS to ENABLE will allow the reference and output voltage to be margined up by 10%. If the user wishes a longer start up time, a small ceramic capacitor can be added to TRIM/SS to increase it. It is critical to connect any device between TRIM/SS and SGND and not -IN, otherwise high frequency noise will be introduced to the reference and possibly cause erratic operation. Referring to the figures below, the appropriate trim up or trim down resistor can be calculated using the equivalent circuit diagram and the equations. When trimming up the trim down resistor is not populated and when trimming down, the trim up resistor is not populated. The soft start time is adjustable within the limits defined by the data tables and has a default value of 500us to reach steady state. The internal soft start capacitor value is 10nF.





$$C_{REF} = \frac{T_{ssdesired} - 230 \cdot 10^{-6}}{23000}$$

vicorpower.com 800 735.6200



#### ТΜ

The TM pin serves as an output indicator of the internal package temperature which is within +/- 5°K of the hottest junction temperature. Because of this, it is a good indicator of a thermal overload condition. The output is a scaled, buffered analog voltage which indicates the internal temperature in degrees Kelvin. Upon a thermal overload, the TM pin is pulled low, indicating a thermal fault has occurred. Upon restart of the converter, the TM pin reverts back to a buffered monitor. The thermal shutdown function of the **48** Volt PI31xx is a fault feature which interrupts power processing if a certain maximum temperature is exceeded. TM can be monitored by an external microcontroller or circuit configured as an adaptive fan speed controller so that air flow in the system can be conveniently regulated.

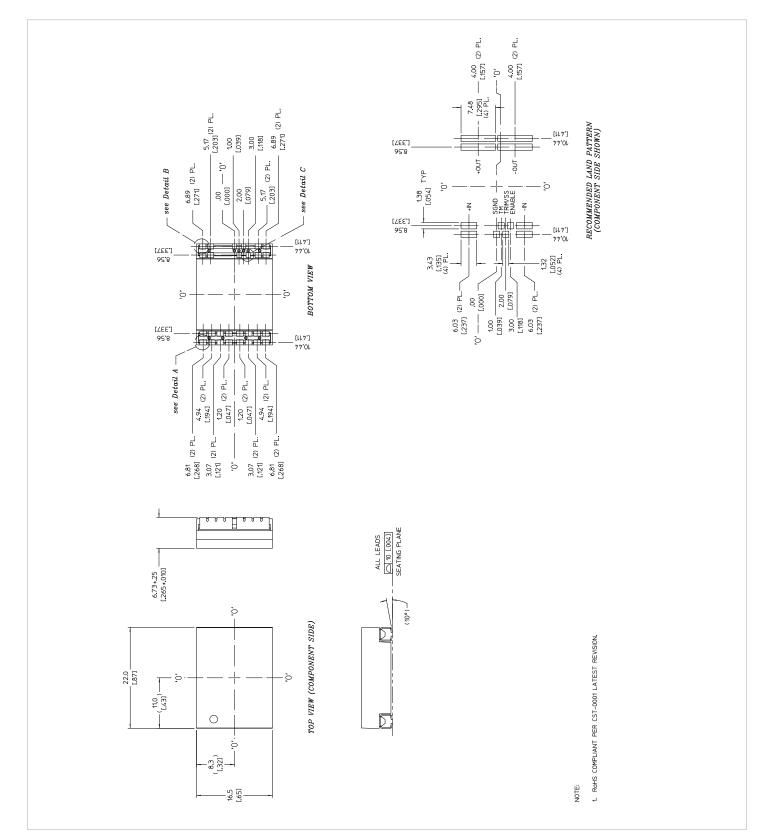
#### SGND

The 48 Volt PI31xx SGND pin is the "quiet" control circuitry return. It is basically an extension of the internal signal ground. To avoid contamination and potential ground loops, this ground should NOT be connected to -IN since it is already star connected inside the package. Connect signal logic to SGND.

#### Output Power Pins +OUT And -OUT

The output power terminals OUT(+) and OUT(-) deliver the maximum output current from the 48 Volt PI31xx through the J-lead output pins. This configuration allows for a low impedance output and should be connected to multi-layer PCB parallel planes for best performance. Due to the high switching frequency, output ripple and noise can be easily attenuated by adding just a few high quality X7R ceramic capacitors while retaining adequate transient response for most applications. The 48 Volt PI31xx does not require any feedback loop compensation nor does it require any optoisolation. All isolation is contained within the package. This greatly simplifies the use of the converter and eliminates all outside influences of noise on the quality of the output voltage regulation and feedback loop. It is important for the user to minimize resistive connections from the load to the converter output and to keep stray inductance to a minimum for best regulation and transient response. The very small size footprint and height of the 48 Volt PI31xx allows the converter to be placed in the optimum location to allow for tight connections to the point of load. For those applications absolutely requiring very tight regulation, contact Picor Engineering at picorpower.com for a remote sense application circuit which can be used.





# Package Outline & Recommended PCB Land Pattern

Figure 33 — Package Outline & Recommended PCB Land Pattern



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